

Physical Life-The Primary Department in the School of Human Progress.

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### A GRAVE YARD SEANCE; OR, THE BORDER LAND.

BY T. P. NORTON.

When the belfry's dull vibrating Wakes the lazy owl's complaint, And the spectres at the grating Break the bonds of death's restraint:— From a land of strange relations, Where the gold is turned to dross,' And the dead of all the nations Meet to estimate their loss: When the myths of time have faded
Like the mists at early dawn, Into Truth, whose glories aided Death's bright resurrection morn. Where the victims of delusion, Freed from slavish mental rules And the puzzling worlds confusion, Seek renown in higher schools: While the laggards at the turning Of the mill grind slowly through, And the scholars backward learning Must commence again anew: Where the Turk, the Christian heeding, Each in consternation stare: Wondering at the dubious leading Of the paths which brought them there: Where the Christian's harp and tabor Hanging at the entering arch, Are exchanged for useful labor In the grand progressive march:
Where the symbols of th' eternal,
Strange Egyptian deities,
Osiris, lsis, the supernal;
All his tradem All his modern images, Gods of human hands and scheeming, L'Glorving in human gore: Juggernauts with victims teeming On a dark benighted shore: Serpents with their deathly twining Round the hopeful path of youth,
Melt,—beneath the flerce refining
Fires of everlasting truth.
Where old Hell's yindictive burnings Cease to mock the Deity, And pure intuitions yearnings
Ope the passage to the free. Where forgiveness grows on saplings Fed from wisdom's healing tree; Fruit for scientific grapplings In an Eden yet to be. Where our spirits often wander, Thinking it a pleasant dream; Never knowing when we ponder That we cross old Jordan's stream,

And that this our close connection Chases horror from the tomb. There; beneath the dark unfolding Of the willow's dreary shade, Their sepulchrul seance holding, Restless spirits come for aid. Good and bad each other meeting With a mission to fulfill, Bring to mother earth their greeting While they hold her debtor still, Memory's fervent incantations Jarring on their spirit cars, Wake the fiercest lamentations From the rudimental spheres. Where the miser's chuckle ringing. Turns again to dark despair. Disappointed with the bringing a useless longing there. Millionaires with empty purses And no credit there to show, Listening to the rising curses Of their victims here below. Puny offsprings, o'er the borders, Keen reproaches growing there, Stern insatiate recorders Of neglected parent care. Indians, their weapons buried, Freed from persecutor's classe O'er the river back are ferried Pleading justice for their race. Wise philosophers, and sages, Robed, and buried in their prime Waiting through the plundering ages For a compensating time. Millions more of half-immortals

Visit at the school of Time.

Ere they pass the higher portals

To a wiser, happier clime.

Where love's brightest recollection And the flowers for ever bloom,

Yet o'er all the dark revealing Of that harvest of remorse, Come those holier whispers stealing With a sweet magnetic force; Sweetly blending with the roses Of the fragrant thoughts of love Forth from where affection's posics Bloom for thirsting souls above: Childhood's clear and loving prattle Stir the sear and mouldy leaves, Ringing through the graves dull rattle Of the bones the mourner grieves. Little cherub hands and faces, Throwing kisses o'er the sward Where the bright and pearly daisies Signal forth the meet reward. Guardian mothers, sweetly smiling O'er the craoles they have left: There the painful hours beguiling For the lonely, and bereft:— Angels, from the realms of glory Stand there beckoning at the gate Charged with the inviting story Of their own transcendent state. Bringing words of recognition From that ever radiant shore, And of love's divine fruition, Joy, and peace, for evermore: Till the morning star is paleing With the lustre of the sea, And the midday tints unveiling Chase the spectres o'er the lea Leaving man to the entailing

# THE OUTLOOK OF SPIRITUALISM.

Of a world of mystery.

EY B. B. HILL.

To properly elaborate this subject would require volumes, hence we can only touch it briefly here and there with the time and space at our command, leaving our readers to fill out the details by the thoughts our words may suggest. There are comparatively few among earth's millions who have any idea that there is a gigantic contest going on which deeply interests them; or that the result of such contest is of the most vital importance to the physical and spiritual worlds to which we belong. But such is the fact, nevertheless, that such a struggle is in progress and that the foes of truth have actually laid siege to its citadel, so at variance with our teachings and education that few can accept it as a fact. But there are

great importance that we understand about this contest, not only for our own protection, but to better know how to assist and protect the victims. The question at issue is, shall human souls both in the physical and spiritual worlds be forced to continue in bondage under the influence of 'the damning creeds and dogmas, which are the outcome of the teachings of the dark ages? Or shall light be allowed to come to them and the great tide of individual life be liberated from the prison walls of error? It is quite obvious that the strife between truth and error has always existed of necessity, but the unfoldments of the last quarter of a century make it evident to all who can and will read the signs of the times that a fierce and unusual contest is in progress and that the forces of truth and right are making fearful inroads in the ranks of error, and are pressing on from conquest to conquering. Bright truth and darkbrowed error have grappled in a decisive contest for the mastery. The physical world being the world of effects, and the spirit world that of causes, much greater evidences of the contest under con- observe the signs of the times, we can see most sideration are found on the spirit plane, and we positive evidencies of the struggle; furtherare advised of the condition of affairs in that part | more, spirits engaged on either side of this conflict of spirit life pertaining to our earth, by those indi- corroborate the fact. The denial of the same is vidual spirits who are taking part in the present as a rope of sand, unless the witnesses to and struggle. By way of illustration, we will give an the evidence of the fact can be set aside. We extract from a communication bearing on the dwell on this point at some length with a view if subject, received on the 19th of September last, from one of the old pioneers of Spiritualism, and is most evident to one who has had years of expea lecturer when on earth, at a time when it was rience in the matter under consideration, all of considered a crime almost to speak in public upon the subject of Spiritualism. We have been frequently in communication with this spirit for say that from the fact that the great and good of many years. Her statement was substantially as spirit life have been able to inaugurate and per-

"I have been engaged for the past two years with a large number of others in spirit life, in defending mediums from the power of the opposing hordes of dark undeveloped spirits who come in legions, led by priests, Roman Catholic as well as Protestant, for they have joined forces on the spirit plane and are marshalled in battle array under the title and banner of so-called Christian- mind enslayed in spiritual darkness and degradaity, even as they were wont to do when on earth. Ition. Is the outlook for Spiritualism favorable? Their weapons may not be of steel and brass, but Most assuredly it is! From the tiny rap more than iron wills are brought into requisition instead, as a quarter of a century ago it has left its impresthis is a struggle in the realm of mind on the spirit plane, and from the spirit plane through the | the scientists; in music and literature; on the mental it is projected to this earth plane. The leaders under the banner of so-called Christianity in spirit life hold under their psychological control untold millions of poor ignorant souls, who have been duped and led through false teachings and priesteraft to accept the dogmas that hold them as with chains of iron in spirit life, as they firmly held them while on earth, as tools to do their bidding. Thus organized, they lay seige to every mediumistic channel, and thus bring to bear all the strength and power they can generate to crush mediums, as well as all others who are engaged in uncovering the hideous theological and religious errors of the past, that the light of truth may shine and the children of earth go free. The dark failing light which beams brightly on the path of forces begin to weaken, and, notwithstanding, many mediums for manifestations, as well as inspired speakers, have been turned aside for the outlook of Spiritualism in spirit life? If it has time, and the struggle is yet fierce and desperate, she thought the hardest part of the struggle would be over in the year 1880, and that in 1881 we should witness a wonderful influx of light on things pertaining to Spiritualism, as the flood gates of spiritual light and truth were to be lifted? and the spiritual conditions of the entire planet would be changed for the better, as a new era wat in the great life march of progress. The spirit about to dawn on the world.'

In the issue of MIND AND MATTER of June 26th last, will be found an account of an interview we had with a priest through a medium, which presents a vivid aspect of the true inwardness of this struggle and the movements of the blind bigoted leaders engaged therein. Very likely most of our readers remember the communication, or can readily refer to it, therefore we need not re-write it, and only allude to it as pointedly bearing on the question under consideration.

The present outlook of Spiritualism brings us face to face with this battle for truth. One or the other of these mighty powers must give way, Which shall it be? We must all answer that question individually by our words and deeds. The fact that this great conflict exists in spirit life is positively denied by many would-be progressive minds. We ask why it should not exist? Has not the earth been pouring its millions of human beings into that life for ages beyond computation, and a very large majority of them by reason of another bears our burden. These plans of salvatheir partial or entire lack of spiritual unfoldment go there, in a greater or less degree, all apprepared to progress-ignorance and bigotry reigning su- are of the earth, and on them are written in deer preme over their benighted minds, amidst spiritual darkness that no human language can depict? There are however, many among them who spiritual darkness for every child of man-noble though they have not spiritual unfoldment, have in its nature—and which commands the respect great intelligence and powerful intellects, which of every soul. Its motto is written in letters of gives them great strength, and they delight to enslave those below themselves, and are in no sense prepared to progress in spiritual things, preferring to hug their false theories and gratify their perverted minds in opposing the truth and right, because by their natural tendencies they love darkness rather than light. This latter and more and ignorant world, it has worked wonders in powerful class of spirits, who lead and wield the dark mass of ignorant and spiritually weak minds held under their psychological power, hurl them against every object and movement, as well as every individual through whom light and spiritual truth may come to the earth plane; for the been rescued from the blight of materialism, and those who have had such an array of evidence obvious reason that just so long as they can keep been lifted out of a state of darkness—bewildered

that, with them, doubt is impossible. It is of the children of earth under perverted conditions and as a dark shadow between them and the truth they are able to utilize our earth lives to a greater or less degree, or in proportion to our susceptibility to their control, to their own aggrandizement and the gratification of their gross and perverted natures. In the meantime, the higher intelligences on the more elevated planes of spirit life are not idle, but pressing on in the struggle for truth against error-not with weapons of human warfare, but borne on by the great love that brings them from their supernal homes in the high heavens to labor to the end that human souls may be led from darkness into light, both in spirit and in earth

> Wherever these forces meet there is antagonism, hence the conflict. It is useless to deny that this conflict exists in face of facts, as do the Bundies, Colemans and others. Possibly it may not have occurred to them that they are on the side of this question which would not cause them to feel the forces which are opposing truth. If we carefully possible to impress our readers with a truth that which has tended to verify these conclusions. In considering the outlook of Spiritualism, we would petuate Spiritualish on the earth plane, it shows conclusively that they have gained much ground or the effort would have failed as in the previous history of mankind. Spiritualism has evidently come to stay, and is the entering wedge that will sion in all the walks of life, in the church; among stage and the rostrum; all are deeply imbued with its spirit; and last but not least, at our homes and our firesides we commune in various ways with the dear departed. There its altars are erected, and there lies its strength in the hearts of the common people, to whose minds its truths have been demonstrated. Hence, from its inception, thirty-three years ago, it has become a great power in the land. Spiritualism is the electric light of the nineteenth century, by which we readily see the errors of the past, as well as the false theories of the present. While its peircing rays cut right and left, causing materialism and bigotry alike to disappear, and afford a never progress, guiding the soul of man in the ways of truth in this mundane sphere. But what of the produced great changes with us, and brought light, hope, and truth to millions of human souls in this life, its effect, we are credibly informed, has been far greater in spirit life. Millions have received light and been released from the prisons of spiritual darkness, and ignorance, and have passed onward and upward world has sown the seeds of Spiritualism but what shall the harvest be? Shall it be for the good of a special few? Nay; all humanity will eventually be gathered into its fold. As many suppose, its mission does not end when it is demonstrated that our friends, gone on before, still live and can impart to us the evidence of that life. But its mission is to lead mankind up from the physical plane of sense to the plane of spiritual truth, in all things. To us the outlook and pros-

> pects of the cause of Spiritualism is not only very encouraging but glorious in its results thus far. There will come a time in its onward march when the physical and spiritual worlds shall blend, and the change called death be known as a form of life. The truly good and great of earth shall join with the heavenly hosts, to labor for the enfranchisement of every human soul; not through nor by a scheme of salvation which resembles a lottery, whereby we may draw a blank, or a prize; or like our plans of insurance, by which tion, about which so much discussion is had, and which are so diligently taught in the churches lines of darkness, "The mistakes of man's child-hood." But there is salvation from ignorance and light everywhere—in the spirit realms, as well as in the mind of every truly progressive being:-

'Thy deeds are thy salvation." Spiritualism was sent on its mission from the highest realm of spirit life, and so far, notwithstanding the powerful opposition of a prejudiced elevating human thought. In a great measure the world is revolutionized by reason of the truths it has brought to light. Never before in the world's history did any movement have so great an effect in so short a time. Millions have

by conflicting creeds and dogmas, and now stand on the heights of knowledge, where the sun of truth lights the way.

Then, brothers and sisters, all who have enlisted for the war, or until the struggle is ended and truth is victorious, close up the ranks as the veterans fall at their posts-called higher by a commission from above. While many faint by the way, and others choose to shirk their duty for unworthy reasons, let us hold firmly on our way, bearing the banner of truth and liberty, cooperating with the bright legions from above, who are pressing forward to our aid, and whose mission it is to liberate us from the conditions of materialism and spiritual darkness, through which we are passing. The veil between grows thinner day by day, as the morning of spiritual light dawns upon us.

Oh! Spiritualism, thy commission of light and knowledge from the high heavens, spiritual, to our race, comes as a bright messenger to our spirits imprisoned within the walls of material darkness. Thou art leading us out into the broad fields of progress, the light of thy countenance ever lightening the way. May we who have received of thy light, so far as in us lies, impart the same to others, kindly sowing the seeds of truth. that thou hast brought us, and may the present glorious outlook from thy gracious presence encourage and strengthen us to press on against the dark foes of truth, that light may overcome darkness, truth annihilate error, and all earth's children tinally, in one great universal brotherhood, gather in the unexplored fields of endless progression, in the embrace of Infinite goodness, on the bosom of eternal life,

Springfield, Mass.

## Letter From Harry Bastian.

No. 4, Heeren Strasse, Hamburg, Germany, Oct. 31, 1880.

MR. ROBERTS :- DEAR FRIEND :- I have become possessor of a few facts which you perhaps may see lit to make use of No doubt you read of the called expose I had when I first arrived in Lon don. The account (as with all such) had not a bit of truth in it as published in the papers. Had there been. I should not have been allowed to continue my seances every night for nearly three months afterwards. Forbes Winslow, a bitter enemy to Spiritualism, and his tool Stuart Cumberland, were the actors in the little farce. As. soon as Bundy heard of it, he mailed all the numbers of his paper containing the different falsehoods he published about me, Mrs. Stewart, Mr. Mott and Mrs. Richmond, to this Doctor Forbes Winslow, who every one in England knows is a bitter enemy to the cause, marking all the passages that were for his notice. If you choose to use these facts you are at liberty to do so. I can substantiate them. I am now filling an engagement here, in Hamburg, then I go to Paris to fill another engagement there. I am meeting with good success wherever I go, and notwithstanding Bundy has tried to do his best to injure me, I find more work than I have strength to accomplish. I expect soon to return to my native land again. Wishing you success in the great work you are doing, 1 remain your co-worker.

HARRY BASTIAN.

[What justification has John C. Bundy for thus seeking to create prejudice against and hunt down three of the best and most thoroughly tested materializing mediums that are now or have been in the public field? It is certainly high time he should get up his "Church of the Future" hobby or something else that will keep his Spiritualistic satelites a little longer hood-winked as to his deadly hostility against spiritual mediums and Spiritualism. The man who strikes hands with the Jesuits, Huchinson, Higgins, Harrison, Diesinger and Megargee of the United States, and the Forbes Winslows and Stewart Cumberlands of England, in their hunt after mediums, is as much an enemy to Spiritualism, as those lying sneaks are, and even a more dangerous one, because there are Spiritualists simple minded enough to believe there is a spark of honesty and truth in him. Spiritualism never was cursed with a bigger fraud than in the editorial career of Col. Bundy. Indeed the aggregate of fraud inside and outside of Spiritualism, hardly exceeds, in its injurious effects upon the spiritual cause, that which Col. Bundy has thus far accomplished.—Ep.]

# Mind and Matter Free List Fund.

This fund was started by the request of many of our subscribers, that many deserving poor people who were not able to pay for MIND AND MATTER, might have the paper sent to them free of cost, The following contributions have been made since our last report:

Amount previously acknowledged, \$ 7 24 Joseph Kinsey, Cincinnati, Ohio, 50 00 A Friend Mrs. E. A. Burrell, Port Jervis, N. Y. Mrs. E. S. Sleeper, **\$**3:00 R. Butterfield, Sacrimento, Cal. Thomas Atkinson, Oxford, Ind.

### [Continued from the Eighth Page.]

nal phenomena of the sky, and especially the moon, as personified by the wandering Io whom she placed under the surveillance of Argus, a being with numerous eyes, and apparently a personification of the story system."

The three children which Juno bore to Jupiter

were Vulcan, Mars and Hebe. There are namely the Heat of Nature, (see article on Vulcan), Manly Vigor (see Mars), and the Bloom of Youth (5) a very pretty family from the conjunction of Instantial Existence and the Vicissitude of Time and Anage; the admixture of the "Invariability of Law," and the "Modifiability of Phenomena." -(6). The Invariability of Law asserts its governing supremacy, in the family squabbles on Olympus. The hands of phenomenal Vicissitude are bound with golden fetters, it is true (seemingly free), but they are bound still; even though the earth and the sea, the major features of cosmical reality, may appear to depend on the mere chance variety of events.

Io is, I think, a worn-down stump from the same name as Ione and Juno (jam-non). The myth of her being a rival of Juno would then readily ensue. The clouds were called cows, in the mythology of India. We have probably here a remnant of the same idea. A white cow would then be a light or diaphanous cloud; whence it was that Juno saw through the disguise. Jupiter said she was born of the earth, as the clouds are by exhalations. The cloud was placed under the charge of Argus, i. e., of the star-spangled sky. He had a hundred (i. e, hekaton, an infinite number of) eyes, or stars, of which only two, the one about to rise and the other just set, ever sleep. She was fed only on the insensible and malarial matters (the essence of "insipid leaves and bitter herbs") which float in the exhalations from the earth But Jupiter the Day God sends his messenger, his early and advanced rays, to gradually, at first, and then suddenly, one by one, extinguish the stars in heaven, (the eyes of Argus), and release the cloud from their inspection. There then remain, by day, and on earth, only the semblance of the star-spangled sky in the star-spangled tail of the gaudy peacock. But the cloud was still hemmed around by the horizon, Erinys; "tormented by the furies," until restored to its former shape, i. e., descending as rain and water on earth, it manifested its supremacy, especially in Egypt, where the Nile, fed from the clouds of Heaven, is vir-

tually the presiding divinity of that country.

In all respects, Juno, embodying the feminine principle of Vicisitude, Changeableness, and Twinity or Duplicity of Presentment, is still the type of matronly maturity and severe feminine judgment. It is Venus who represents youthful female beauty frailty of her sex. See Dionysos under Bachus; St. John; and Jonah.

(5). Vanicek, w. Hebe, p. 355.

## THE BUNDY CRUSADE ON MEDIUMS.

BY Z. T. GRIFFEN.

I do not desire to vent any petty spite, nor am I actuated from a feeling of jealousy in what I write in regard to the contest among Spiritualists in Chicago, during the past few years: but only to fairly present a side of the question that has not been as yet fully given to the public. It is in this city that the pseudo-spiritualistic element has come to a head and suppurated in the form of the R.-P. Journal, since it has been controlled by the Bundy's, who happened to become its possessors by reason of the assassin's bullet. Years ago, I was a reader of that paper and always admired the courage and zeal manifested by S. S. Jones, as a Spiritualistic editor. I was slightly acquainted with him, for only a short time previous to his death, which occurred suddenly, by the means before referred to, on the 15th of March, 1877. Spiritualists throughout the country were shocked at the foul murder. The secular papers blackened the name of S. S. Jones, and everybody interested, was wondering who was to be his successor. Who was "the one?" was a question for several weeks, as no name was hoisted in place of that of Mr. Jones'. At that time I was not acquainted with Col. Bundy; and when a medium came back from the R.-P. Journal office, I asked what kind of an impression was received of the new fledged editor. The remark was, "a dirty fellow;" and how vividly has this remark come up since, as I have witnessed the doings of this "fellow," Bundy, as the editor of a Spiritual paper! This occurred in March, 1877, and for a year the R.-P. Journal went along quite smoothly, the cloven foot only occasionally appearing. But the first grand coup de main was an article headed "The Fraud Crop of 1877," in which several propositions, rather preposterous for a Spiritualist to make, were set forth. It is evident now, although it was not so at the time, that Col. B. intended to "come down" on several mediums then giving seances for physical manifestations, unless they came, forward and helped him with the Journal. This they did not do, and the Journal was turned against those mediums-not openly, but by inuendo and insinuation, at which, any one who has noticed his course, will readily admit Col. B. is a master. The mediums, Bastian and Taylor, were giving seances as usual, and accounts of successful seances at their rooms were published, until an occurrence narrated in their statement happened, after which an order was given that nothing more should be inserted in their favor in the Journal, Mr. Bastian, of course, felt considerably wronged, when a paper which had received so many dollars of his hard earned money should turn upon him as a viper. It has not been known, publicly, but it is a fact, that the Journal, for two years or more, received one-third of the proceeds from the scances; held by Mr. Bastian, and which money helped to keep the paper alive at a critical period.

But nothing very violent was said in the Journul against Mr. Bastian until about the middle of May, 1878; after the First Society of Spiritualists of Chicago had moved into the Third Unitarian Church, and Mr. Bundy had written the following beautiful account of the first service of Mrs. Richmond. I give this article in full from the R-P. Journal, so that people can judge, from what has been said of the real character of the ubiquitous Colonel, who, by the way, pledged himself for the spiritualistic field an unprofitable one for several hundred dollars towards supporting said society, and when called upon for payment, told those who called upon him he would not pay it and they could not collect it of him. Col. Bundy to-day stands indebted many dollars to the First Society of Spiritualists, which he refuses to pay. But here is the article—which, on account of its worth, and sweetness, might be taken as part payment of the money pledged and wrongfully with-

"IT IS GOOD FOR US TO BE HERE."

"Such was the enthusiastic expression from each of the six hundred attendants on the services of the First Society of Spiritualists last Sabbath morning. According to previous announcement in the Journal, the Society took possession of the Third Unitarian Church, and every available seat was filled. Kind friends had furnished flowers in profusion, and even the sun, which had kept hidden for a week, burst the barrier of cloud and shed his inspiring rays through the stained glass, adding to the pleasure of the occasion; and when amid these beautiful surroundings the graceful form of our gifted speaker appeared, the conditions' were most complete. Mrs. Richmond and her control seemed to absorb new inspiration, and gave the expectant audience an unusually fine discourse both morning and evening. Indeed it is only reasonable to suppose that the better the preparations and more harmonious the environment, the finer will be her efforts, and the more perceptible the spiritual growth of the society.'

Then follow copies of favorable notices from the secular press of Chicago, after which Colonel Bundy thus lectures the people of Chicago:

"Now that the new movement has been thus happily inaugurated, we trust every one of the thousands in this city who are interested in Spiritualism, will come out like true men and women and do their duty. [Col. B. and wife were at this time pew-holders and contributors to a Unitarian Church on the north side, and still continue to be.] The great law of compensation demands, where so much is given to develop and improve our spiritual nature and increase our knowledge of the future, that we shall do our part with cheerfulness and alacrity. This new movement involves new obligations, [Will Col. B. come forward with the balance subscribed?] new cares and responsibilities. We cannot have a commodious, pleasant church, a fine organ, and a highly gifted fecturer, [Mrs. Cora L. V. Richmond] without a comparatively large outlay of money, and this money ought to be forthcoming without any begging or even soliciting on the part of the offi-cers of the Society." [When the secretary solic-ited Col. B. for his subscription he refused to pay

Every objection heretofore raised by timid "twilight" Spiritualists and fastidious investigators has now been obviated, and the officers of the Society, the lecturer [Mrs. Cora L. V. Richmond] and above all, the spirit world, have the right to demand that those for whose good [Col. B. did not accede to the demand for his written obligation made by the secretary] all this has been wrought shall bear their share of the burden. This great city has become the grand spiritual centre from which the powers of the spirit world are carrying forward their carefully perfected plans for the advancement of the inhabitants of earth. We can-

"The finance committee is made up of shrewd and run to his sister's room screaming, "Is! Is! successful business men who feel that with the come get up! How Is you? Is you up?" and the financial aid they have every reason to expect, the organization will go forward increasing in strength from year to year."

This was written by Col. Bundy and published May 11th, 1878, in the R.-P. Journal. This man, then, was pledged to pay the rent of many hundred dollars with others, who supposed his financial ability was what he represented it to be. But at the very time, in an attachment suit at the instance of Mrs. A. H. Robinson, he was swearing he was not worth a dollar in the world—that he worked for his wife at a salary, and thus got the attachment dissolved on that ground.

I will give another item in the same paper commendatory of Mrs. Richmond, because, since the utterances of the Journal have had a different sound, it may be pleasant to read by those who have only read the Journal since. This article is under the head of

# "FLOWERS.

"Living within a few hours' ride of this city (Chicago) are very many warm-hearted Spiritualists, some of whom have listened to the teachings of the spirits as they have been given through the medial power of Mrs. Richmond, and retain grateful memories of the pleasant and profitable hours thus spent. These kind friends can confer a favor upon the gentle, flower-loving medium, [How refreshing!] and gladden many a weary eye in the audience, by sending flowers on each Saturday, to be used to heautify the speaker's stand on the Sabbath, and after being thus hallowed, distributed among the children of the Lyceum, many of whom are too poor ever to buy a flower. They can be sent in by some friend, or for a trifle, the express company will deliver them. We will receive them and see that they reach their destination."

Who could imagine that the man who had penned the above lines would descend to the following brutal treatment of a medium he never saw, because said medium refused to submit to blackmail. Hear Col. B. again; I quote from the R.-P. Journal of April 11, 1878:

# "J. MATTHEW SHEA, M. D."

terializer, who has so delighted the simple-minded people that have swallowed the spirit materializations in his rickety factory the past year. The Chicago Homospathic College had the honor of one of them was a very small silver one, and it conferring the title upon this broth of a boy, and now, alas! we can no longer designate him as her neck. At such times Jim said she was a dear 'Dr. Matthew,' with impunity. How handy to have the legal right to attach the M. D.; it can be when she would run laughing to him, and pretend used in each of his 'regular' professions, viz.: to bite his cheeks; then kiss him and say he was Doctor of Medicine and Dabster in Materializing. His success is insured from the start, as he an administer both to the physical and spiritual the exclaimed, "Oh, mother, I wish you could see wants of his patrons. Should a patient die on his hands it will be no loss to the relatives, as the accommodating doctor and dabster can materialize so she cannot get wet, even if she has no umbrelthe deceased forthwith. As the Journal is making la; won't you get me one?" And Mrs. Kingly, mountebanks, the field of medicine will probably now have a zealous recruit."

The above is a direct insult to the society which granted Dr. Matthew his diploma, as well as to the many Spiritualists who have attended the wonderful seances held by this celebrated medium. nightly throng at his rooms, but Col. Bundy should "You needn't tell me," said Jim, "that that cloth Wm F. Scovel, Princeton, Wis., "ot allow his temper to run so violently against will keep out water, for it won't. It's all nonsense Mr. Reeder, Philadelphia, "

this class of people, who are so unfortunate as to to say that you can wear that cloak and not get be poor in this world's goods. But I will defer your dress wet." further comments until the next article, when I will continue to follow the crooked trail of this pseudo Spiritualist and plunderer. Bundy and his co-conspirators, in their attempt to crush out all mediums in this city (Chicago), and other places as well.

CHILDREN'S COLUMN CHILDISH WISDOM. [SELECTED.]

Twas the hour of prayer, and the farmer stood With a thankful heart and lowly mind, And prayed to the Author of every good And prayed to the Author of every good

That the Father of all would be very kind,
And bless His creatures with raiment and food;
That the blessing each day and night be renewed;
That every want might find relief,
And plenty for hunger, joy and grief
Be measured out by the Merciful One,
To all that suffered beneath the sun.

That prayer, concluded, the godly man Went forth in peace to inspect his farm; And by his side delighted ran, Glowing with every healthy charm A little son, a sprightly boy,
Whose home was love; whose life was Joy.
They rambled over the golden fields,
And the father said: "The harvest yields A plentiful crop, my son, this year; My barns are too small for the grain, I fear."

They wandered on through row upon row Of plumy sheaves, and at length the child,
With earnest look and a rosy glow
On his shining check, looked up and smiled,
And said: "My father, do you not pray
For the poor and weary, day by day;
That God, the Good, would the hungry feed?"
I do, my son." "Well, I think as you plead"—
His eye waxed bright, his soul shone through it—
"That God, if he had your wheat, would do it."

## Queer Jimmy.

BY M. M.

His grandmother always called him, "Poor dear Jimmy;" Lis father and mother said: "Oh Jimmy!" while the rest of the community called him "Naughty Jimmy."

I will tell you why. You may rest assured the vancement of the inhabitants of earth. We cannot shirk the responsibility devolving upon us, and would not if we could. [It seems Col. B. has shirked the payment of his written obligation to the First Society of Spiritualists, as well as the amount pledged to the Banner of Light Editor-at-large fund.]—The committee who have superintended the new departure of the First Society, have proceeded with due caution, [but they made a mistake in taking Col. B.'s subscription.]

"The finance committee is neade up of shrewd."

"The finance cammittee is neade up of shrewd." spirit of mischief was in him. He had a sister rest of that day he would call her Is. The next day he would greet her with "Abel," and all day long he would talk to her as if she were a boy. and insist upon her joining in all his plays. One day when she was "Abel," one of her little friends called to see her; Jimmy opened the door, and when Susy said, "Jim, is Bella at home?" Jim said very decidedly, "No, Bella is out!" And then when Susy had gone, he ran up stairs to tell Abel that Susy had called to see Bella.

"You good-for-nothing, naughty boy!" cried Bella, "run after her right away and bring her here." And then with a bound Jim ran down stairs and chased along the street, shouting, "Halto, Susy! I say Susy! Halt Suse Ann! Abel wants you!" And Susy, in confusion at being hailed in such a boisterous manner in the street, turned around and scolded Jim well for making such a noise, and shouting her name in that way.

"Jim, you are a very, very rude boy, and every body says so, and you might have told me Bella was home when I asked you."

"But I say she is not home!" It is Bella's day out, but Abel is in, you can see him."

"Oh, do hush, you are too silly to live; if I were Bella, I would not allow you to call me Abel, and I want to tell you once more my name is not Suse-Ann, and I will not answer you when you call me by such an ugly name."

'Whew! Suse Ann! you didn't stop and turn around till I yelled, Suse-Ann; that brought you round, so I think that is the name you recognize." "Recognize!" mimicked Susy, contemptuously. "I think you'd better" study the dictionary, so as to use large words properly. You don't know the

meaning of half the words you use." "Suse-Ann, I think you don't know the definitions of the big words I do use, or you would not complain so much about my using them. Walk in, walk in Suse-Aun!" he said politely, as he opened the door for her, and then running to the stairs he shouted: "Hallon! Abel! Suse Ann's down here, and wants to see you!" and then

walked off whistling. Another day he would call her "Bell," and on that day he would carry a little bell in his pocket, "Such is now the name of the burly Irish ma- and the moment his sister came near, he would ring it furiously at her. At Christmas and on her birthday he always made her a present of a little Jan bell, so that she had a large collection of them; was so pretty that she wore it on a ribbon-round little dog, and whistled for her to come to him; a dear old Jim, after all.

Susy's water proof cloak; it is longer than her dress, and it has long sleeves, and a pretty hood, for that was the name of Bella's mother, said she had been thinking about it, and would get her one very soon, just as soon as Miss Mills could come help make it. In a few days the waterproof was bought, and Miss Mills came to make it. Bella was so delighted with the prospect of having her new cloak that she talked about it constantly, and insisted upon every one in the house

admiring it.

"But it is true, Jim; it is truly waterproof, and the rain can't get through it. No rain nor water can hurt it."

"Well see," said Jim. "Yes, we'll see," said Bella, "and you'll see that

I am right." The cloak was at last made; Bella, had tried it on one dozen times, she said; Jimmy had tried it on almost as often, and assured them all that he was going to wear it the first rainy day, to take it on its trial trip.

But after it was made and ready for use, the rain would not come. Bella, watched the sky, but it was clear; she asked her grandmother every day if her knees, or her toes, or her corns did not ache, for they were a sure sign of stormy weather, but they did not ache. At last Jim began limping around, he said he had the rheumatism in his legs, and it was going to rain; but his grandmother said no, his lameness was all pretence, for she had no signs yet from her rheumatic limbs, and she thought there would be fine weather the remainder of the week. The day after this Nancy ran into the sitting-room in great alarm, saying, Sakes alive! Mrs. Kingly, and will ye come inter the yard? Jim's went and gone and made a big bag of the new cloak, and tied it ter the hydrant and turned the water onter it ful: blast!" And before Nancy had finished her sentence, Bella had rushed from the room and downstairs, to find it all too true; there, indeed, was the pretty new waterproof cloak all gathered together till it made a large bag, and in some wonderful way it was fastened to the hydrant, and was now nearly full of water. Mrs. Kingly had quickly followed B:lla downstairs. "Oh, Jim!" she exclaimed, "how could-you?" While Bella regarded it in mute despair. "No harm done, mother," cried Jim, cheerfully. "Bella needn't look so frightened, she's been telling me every day for a week that its waterproof, and I thought I'd just try it and see for myself. I'm satisfied now, for you see it holds water nicely; so Bella, you were right after

Jim, this is too bad," said his mother, "I don't see how you could do such a thing; you must take it down right away and let Nancy shake it and hang it up to dry."

But Bella told him she thought he was a very naughty boy, and if she were his mother she would send him to bed without any dinner or

supper.

"Come, come, now, Abel," said Jim, in a coaxing tone, "be a man, and bear it out like one, and trifling loke; your don't be angry about such a trifling joke; your cloak will be as good as ever by night, see if it won't."

"Of course it won't," cried Bella, "no cloak can be as good as new after it has been filled with water, just as if it was a bucket, and it's no joke

"But, Bella, you told me no rain nor water could ever hurt it, because it was waterproof, and I said water would hurt it, but you said no, it wouldn't, so I have just tried and I find you were right; you ought to be very glad that I took the trouble to prove it."

"I oughtn't to be glad," said Bella, "and no ischief is ever any trouble to you, Jim. "Well, well, Abel, boy, you will see your cloak

will be all right and just as good as new." And to Bella's surprise, and I will say to Jim's surprise too, the cloak was as good as new.

# Special Notice from "Bliss' Chief's" Band.

ME, Red Cloud, speak for Blackfoot, the great Medicine Chief from happy hunting-grounds. He say he love white chiefs and squaws. He travel like the wind. He go to circles. Him big chief. Blackfoot want much work to do. Him want to show him healing power, Make sick people well. Where paper go, Blackfoot go. Go quick. Send right away. No wampum for three moon.

This spirit message was first published in MIND AND MATTER, January 10th, M. S. 32, with the announcement that "Magnetized Paper" would be sent to all who were sick in body or mind, that desired to be healed, also, to those that desired to be developed as spiritual mediums, for three months for three 3-ct, stamps. The three months have now closed with the following result: .

3,405 persons have sent for the paper by mail, 1,000 persons have received it at the office; and the hundreds of testimonials that have been received of its wonderful work in healing the sick and developing mediums, prove that Red Cloud and Blackfoot have faithfully kept their promises. That all may have an opportunity to test the merits of the paper, the price-for the future will be as follows: -1 sheet, (postage paid,) 10 cents, 12 sheets; \$1,00. Send a silver ten cent piece if you can. Address, James A. Bliss, 713 Sansom Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

# A Proposition.

I am prepared and will send to any one address, direct from my office, one sheet of "Blacktoot's" Magnetized Paper, postage paid, every week for one month for 40 cents; two months for 70 cents; three months for \$1.00. Address with amount enclosed, James A. Bliss, 713 Sansom St., Philada.

# Home for Worn Out Mediums.

We, the undersigned, pledge ourselves to give the amount set opposite our names, towards founding a Home for worn out me flums, when said amount pledged shall reach the sum of five thousand dollars.

seph Kinsey, Cincinnati, Ohio	\$ 1.00
B. Campbell, M. D. V. D., Cincinnati, Ohio	10 00
mes A. Bliss, Philadelphia, Pa	10 m
iebe Cross, New Lennox, Ill	1.00
N. W. Brown Nederland Colo	1 00
rs. N. W. Brown	1.00
rs. N. W. Brown. rs. Mary E. Williams, Nederland, Colo	1 00
ionias Atkinson, Oxford, Ind. (Paid)	1 00
L. Fetherolf, Tamaqua, Pa	10 00
L. Fetherolf, offer of professional services	90 00
rs, Williams, Cincinnati, Ohio	1 00
iss Jennie Williams, Cincinnati, Ohio	1 (0)
r. R. C. Kerr, Augusta, Ga	1.00
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iss M. T. Shellanger, Boston, Mass	1.00
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Minterburn, Cincinnati, Ohio,	1 00
V. Goodin, Cave Springs, Mo.	1.00
enefit Materializing Scance, given by Mr. and Mrs.	
Jas, A. Bliss, Sunday Evening, Oct. 17th, (Paid)	10/25
homas Atkinson, Oxford, Ind., (Paid)	1.00
B. Peckham, Newpert, R. I., (Paid)	1 00
rs. A. G. W. Carter, Cincinnati, Ohio	1 (0)
r, W. W. Camp, Laredo, Texas (Paid)	2 00
G. C., Cincinnati, Ohio (Paid)	1 00
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rs. D. Danforth, Philadelphia, Pa., (paid)	2 00
homas Middlemists, Yreka, Siskuyon Co., Cal. (paid	
ary J. Bennett, Woodland, Yolo Co., Cal. (paid),	1 00
rs. R. H. Williams, Warrensville, DuPage Co., Ill	5 00
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#### SPIRIT COMMUNICATIONS.

ALFRED JAMES, MEDIUM.

St. VALENTINE.

Sir:-You will hardly believe it when I tell you a saint stands before you, and that his name is Valentine; but when you come to analyze our lives, motives and actions, you will find that we were just as frail as other mortals. It only requires time to sanctify villainy. I was an Egypover the name of Valentine, a work which approximately into seven books, and comprising a space of one hundred and thirty-three years (306 to 439), one of the most active and fertile periods in the annals as there was confusion in worshipping so many the manuscript is deposited with the British Mugods, it was necessary to formulate a religion that seum. A German Orientalist, M. M. G. Schwartz, had but three gods, so as to give men a chance to concentrate their minds. In bringing this about it of course led to bloodshed, and many people | died before being able to print the work, which died in defence of Christianity. The object of all has been given to the public by the care of M. J. this was, in progress of time, to bring the human | H. Peterman." mind to bear clearly upon the god-idea. In one sense, I think the Father, Son and Holy Ghost | noble, and most religious mind, that ancient business enabled reasoning minds to emerge from | Christianity presents," who returns and testifies | those conditions that I term absolute idolatry. to the pagan identity of Christianity. What But the time has come when the foolish idea regarding a redeemer of men must die, everlastingly, could the writings of Valentine and other learned to give a chance for modern progression. At this | Gnostics be obtained, to throw light upon its oritime you need thinkers—not believers. You need facts-not superstitions. You need truth clear no Christian writer has dared to dispute, but the and unadulterated. All life is the outgrowth of a pregnant fact connected with his doctrines and central Intelligence. That intelligence upon taking forms in matters, must think for itself. If it thinks wisely, it will be rewarded by spiritual that of St. John. Is it not plainly evident that The "food, shelter and clothing" consideration, was happiness; if it thinks contrary to known factsthe mind clouded by prejudice or superstition—then it will be unhappy as a spirit. There are no gods that can effect the present state of man, but there are millions of spirits that can; and each and every one of these spirits will either enlighten mankind or prey upon their weaknesses. The ever befel humanity was the fact, that the foundone 'Universal Intelligence' set out with certain ers and advocates of dogmatic Christianity gained laws, the operation of which is to bring perfection. It is impossible for this Intelligence to alter anything that it has thus far accomplished. It goes on revolving. Some are crushed, others are work which they inaugurated prevailed, what a happy; but in the end all will be indemnified because these laws operate for the happiness of every creature living upon a planet. No creed-no development would have been attained long ere dogma—can ever accomplish this, and there is nothing of benefit in any of them. What, then, will ity enslaved the mental world, until through accomplish the salvation of man? Lanswer, each spirit inspiration, Martin Luther. John Calvin individual acting—thinking—for the best advantage of all. This will accomplish human happi- others, broke the spell, and gave rein to free and tage of all. This will accomplish human happiness, and nothing else will. This communication is due from me to my mortal brethren, because 1 aided to propagate a delusion which has misled until to-day, in the light of Modern Spiritualism, them. I did this, as I have said, to break the force of error in my day; because, as long as mankind had so many gods, they could not think upon all of them. But when the number became reduced they could concentrate their minds upon the reduced number. It was, therefore, with the hope that they would in time cut loose from all superstition, that I was prompted to help onward the progress of Christianity. I died or passed to the spirit life about A. D. 216.

We take the following sketch of the life of Valentine from the Biographic Generale.—En.]
"Valentine, a celebrated heresiarch, was born,

according to the common opinion, in the first years of the second century, at Phrebon or Phar ha, a city situated on the coast of Egypt. He fremented by turns the schools of Alexandria, and became very skillful in the literature and sciences of Greece. Joining to much learning a powerful and brilliant eloquence, he soon made himself known to great advantage. Having sought episcopal honors, he had the mortification to see himself made a confessor; and his pride humiliated made him, it is said, form the project of establishing a new sect. Imbued with the principles of built up a system approaching that of Bassilides of followers. He came to Rome towards A.D. 140, under the pontificate of Hygin with the design of was definitively excommunicated, about the year 143, according to the "Chronicles of St. Jerome." Valentine, far from admitting his errors, only decupied his time more zealously in propagating them, and his sect already extended into the greater part of the Eastern provinces, where he died about 161. There still exist some homilies and letters from his pen, cited by St. Clement of Alexandria, which display much pride. There are also attributed to him some psalms; but Tertullian jeers those who believe him the author of them. After the death of Valentine, his disciples divided into several sects, among which they cite the Sethans the Cainites, the Ophites, etc., and they extended into Gaul, where they met in St. Irenicus, a formidable antagonist. Tillemont finds that it would be an exhausting and thankless labor to give in details the errors of Valentine and his sectaries. According to Beausobre, the Valentinian theology is too obscure to venture to undertake to develop it. It is, said he, an accumulation of mysterious enigmas, which were alone well known only to the chiefs of the sect, even supposing that they clearly understood what they said. A synopsis of the doctrines of Valentine, such as could be given in this biography, would be insufficient for learned men, and would offer no interest to readers who wish to amuse and instruct themselves. We, therefore, prefer to refer those curious on this point, to the authors who have specially treated of these matters." [In a note is the the following in reference to Valentine.—En.]

"Valentine is the object of extended details in the work of M. Bunsen's, "Hippolytes and his Epoch." \* \* This crudite man expresses himself in these terms: 'The system of Valentine, disfigured in the confused expositions of St. Irenaus and St. Epiphanius, is better known to-day, thanks to the efforts of modern criticism.' Clement of Alexandria had, on his part, given details which had not sufficient attention paid to them. Notwithstanding numerous difficulties some erudite writers have discovered the treasures of thought. hidden under the mystical terms of those theories. Neander was the first who re-established the historical existence of the Valentinian doctrines, and the sagacity of Baur, contributed powerfully to dissipate the darkness that covered them. Another | world is not a sufficient reason to accuse him of | cush me, Ich shtole every ding dot vash valua-German, taken from us by an untimely death, indifference. Baronius censures him for having | ble, put ich neber shtole from de poor. Nix. Ich Herman Rossell, has dedicated to the ideas of spoken too well of the Novatian bishops of Con-cum pack here to show de beebles dot ein robber | Terre Haute, Nov. 17, 1850.

Valentine, in his "Theological Schriften," a notice stantinople, and it was enough to justify that which presents the most enlightening exposition of his doctrines. M. Bunsen adds: 'As far as we the most noble, and the most religious mind that uncient Christianity presents, and after all the efforts and destroy his writings, the philosopher who and to have a horror for all religious inquisition, in their fragments the germs of a considerable tian. I understood the identity of paganism with peared to be the work of his school, and of which, Christianity. The one had innumerable gods, but is preserved, only a Coptic translation of which had prepared an edition of it, joining thereto, a stantine, of Constance II., and of Julian; but as translation in Latin, filled with Greek words. He

[It was the spirit of this "Most elevated, most gin and nature? That Valentine was a Christian the pagan analogies of the three first Gospels, were too manifest for Valentine, who sought to win mankind from the idolatrous worship of the various pagan systems of religion? Does it not become more and more apparent with the spread of knowledge, that the grandest misfortune that the ascendency over the more learned Christian Gnostics and Neo-Platonists of the first four cencenturies of the Christian era, so-called. Had the manity, and what a mighty state of progress and ity enslaved the mental world, until through unrestricted thought and inquiry; since which time the march of mind has been on and on, the age of dogmatism has ceased. Schism and heresy in every religious body has become the order of the day. Well may the spirit of Valentine say, "The time has come when the foolish idea regarding a redeemor of men must die, everlastingly."

If Valentine was ever sainted it was by the consecration of his own Chri tian sect, and not that of the Roman Catholic Church. We cannot account for the date given as the time of his death, being some fifty years later than history assigned him. We do not feel at liberty to question the correctness of the spirit's statement.—En.]

## Socrates (A Syrian Historian).

Good Afternoon: There seems to be more sense in your modern salutations than in our Syrian jaw-breaking one. "God bless your beard," was our salutation, and it meant a good deal; for he who did not possess a full and flowing beard was despised. There is a mistake in history in regard to myself. I was set down by some as a Latin historian, and by others as an Arabian, but I was neither. I was a Syrian, and Plato and Pathagoras, he mingled the doctrine of born at Damaseus. What I wrote was translated ideas and the mystery of doctrines with the the- in the fourth century by a monk whose name was ogonies of Hesiod and the Gospel of St. John; the | Carmel or Karma. At the time I lived, in A. D. only one that he regarded as authentic; and 370, I pursued the even tenor of my way in my inquiries into history, while others spent their and some other of the Gnostics. The disciples of time in fighting about gods that never existed. Valentine took the name of Gnostics. This was My opinion of gods is, that they are totally useless the title taken by all those who pretended to be to man, and that he does not need them. It anmore enlightened than the yulgar and unlearned. pears to me that as long as mortal man is depend-Notwithstanding the absurdity of his doctrine. ent on three things for comfort, namely, food Valentine soon counted in Egypt a great number | shelter and clothing, just so long he will be bound to be a deceiver, and it becomes necessary to place matters so that every man will get these making proselytes; but after having been twice wants supplied before you will ever have harexcluded from the assembly of the faithful, he mony among you. I am opposed to religious of all kinds, but I am not opposed to that which any one thinks benefits him or her. These followers of religions never think for themselves. They are born under such circumstances that they regard their gods as all powerful, and they do not take time to pause and reflect. It is that which deceives them as mortals. As a spirit, I never remember that, during my mortal life, I ever believed anything that was not supported by reason. But I ran into strange notions in regard to life, At one time I leaned towards the monkish system, that is, that men should be celibates; at other times flew to the other extreme in regard to concubinage. The real reason of this was, that I was a medium and subject to whatever surroundings I was thrown into. I am sorry that I acted thus, but I was not responsible, being easily psychologized. I would say to every sensitive, beware of this psychological influence, for it is the real devil of the mortal life. I was the namesake of the great Socrates,

IWe take the following concerning Socrates

from the Nouvelle Biographic Generale.]—En. rian, born about 279 at Constantinople. He died about 340. According to all appearance his entire life was spent in his native city, where he received a literary education. His parents are not known. He had as his masters, Ammonius and Helladius, both of whom had officiated in the temple of Jupiter at Alexandria, and perhaps also the Sophist Troilas, of whom he speaks with some detail. We add that he chose the career of an advocate, and he owed his title of Scholasticus to his calling, which had an analogous meaning in common Greek. His life was prolonged un il in 437, the date which marks the end of his history; because a little later he made a new edition of this work, in a manner enriched with anthentic documents and retouched in part the two first books. As to knowing whether he was orthodox, or whether he was hare in dish life ich vash ein robber, but vat inclined to the Novationists or to the Arians, or | ich stolsh from de rich ich gaben to de poor aften. whether he belonged to the Catholic Church, is a Mine nich name vas Schmuder Honus. Dot means question difficult to solve. [He certainly has long legget Yohon. Ich vas de Robber of de solved that question. He says he, inclined to no Rhine. Ich vas not haf so pad as rashcal ash dem religion.—Eb.] The impartiality he observed as fellers dat huntsh me up. Und ich belief ich con to the parties that then edivided the Christian show shust ash clare ein recort ash dem dot ac-

charge without troubling himself with the silence of his contemporaries, to hold him suspected of

prudent man, and prided himself on his impartiality to the point of not allowing his own views that have been made to disfigure his doctrines, to be discovered. He also professed to love peace, studies the histories of the human mind, will find under whatever form it was hidden. There exists an Ecclesiastical History by Socrates, divided of the Church. It is highly esteemed for its correctness and for the spirit of moderation it displays. The author borrows from Rufinus or other writers all that which relates to the reign of Conto the remainder, he relates what he witnessed himself, or that which he obtained from eyewitnesses. As to the style of his book, he attempted only to be clear and simple."

[We regard this communication of unusual value, as elucidating the fact that ancient spirits can and do return to earth, and, through Mr. James, communicate the knowledge acquired by them in spirit life. It corrects the erroneous history regarding Socrates and his religious views. No one seems to have questioned his Christian convictions, and no one has re erred to his views as to the social question. Not the least singular fact is that Socrates could write so fully upon the teachings is, that he rejected the Three Gospels religious questions of his day, and give no sign of his utter contempt for those religious squabbles. of which he speaks in his communication, was what governed him as an author, and yet he managed, while serving himself, to confer a lasting favor upon posterity by his impartial pen.]-ED.

### Moscaus (A Greek Poet),

Good Day, Sir :- To express yourself clearly and concisely, in poetry, was considered by the ancients as the best evidence of a true poet. But we did not then have the license of expression that is allowed to modern poets. The least word in your poetry that looked like sedition against the king or his absolute authority, ended in death to the poet, for his rashness. Any censure of a tyrant, living or ruling in your own time, was certain death, and this is what has dwarfed the sublimity and fire of ancient eloquence. Man, in order to express all he feels, must have liberty. If I could have animated the hearts of my countrymen, I would have struck against tyrant king and tyrant priest and left all free to think for themselves. I do not doubt that if all the Pagan gods could have been upset when I lived, you never would have been troubled with that scourge of modern times, Christianity. The age of reason would have comeslong before it did arrive: but the priests awayed the king and the king was absolute over the populace; and if you escaped the one you fell into the snares of the other. This is truly a country of reason-America-because you have a right to express your thoughts. As you value your future happiness, never let it retrograde into a monarchy; for kings and priests are the curses of humanity. My name was Moschus, a Greek poet at the Court of Ptolemy Philadel-

[We take the following from the Encyclopedia Britannica.—En.]

"Moschus, a Greek bucolic poet, flourished at Syracuse about the close of the third century B, C. His genius was fostered by a study of the works, and probably by the friendship of the pastoral poet, Bion. He was also, according to Suidas, acquainted with the grammarian Aristarchus. Theocritus was his great model; but instead of the exquisite simplicity of that celebrated poet, he often displayed an excess of ornament and an over-refinement of style. His four extant idyls are Fugitive Love, Europa, An Elegy on Bion and Megara. They have been usually edited with the works of Bion. Many modern writers of different

nations have imitated and translated them." Here we have the Greek poet Moschus, after twenty-two hundred years, stating the fact, that was no longer known in history, that he was attached to the court of Ptolemy Philadelphus who reigned in Egypt from 385 B. C. to 223 B. C. If a native of Syracuse, he was most likely called to Alexandria, by Ptolomy, to adorn that central seat of learning of the world. This poet explains why he confined his poetic efforts to the illustration of the pastoral life. Had he had the liberty to express what he felt, he would have written in heroic numbers the death knell of king-craft and priesteraft, and sounded the toesin of human liborty, instead of warbling the strains of rural peace and quiet, to lull the higher and nobler aspirations of the soul, then almost dormant in the peasant's breast. How perfectly consistent is the opening sentence of the communication, with the chief character of the poems of Moschus. "To express yourself clearly and concisely in poetry was considered by the ancients as the best evidence of a true poet," says Spirit Moschus. The biographer complains of a display of his over-refinement of style. This communication, and the two pre-ceding ones, came from historical characters wholly unknown to the medium or ourself. The name of Moschus was wholly unknown to either of us, and in the giving of it, so new was the sound of the name that we supposed the name was Marcius, and as we wrote down that name, repeated it. Immediately the controlling spirit corrected us and attempted to spell the name. Instead of spelling the name as pronounced, it was spelled Mochus. On our remarking that spelled Mokus and not Moschus, the spiritagain repeated the name correctly, but also repeated the incorrect spelling of the name; thus showing with what difficulty spirits sometimes utter their names. Indeed, we have been frequently told that it requires more psychological power over the organism of the medium to give a date, a place, or a name correctly, than to give a long communication on general matters. This will explain why it is so difficult for spirits to give perfect tests to captions and exacting investigators of spirit phenomena.]—En.

JOHN BUCKLER (A German Robber).

Good Tay, San:-Mine cot in himmel, ven ich

ish shust ash much of a shpirit ash anypody elsh. Unt de goot radder hash shust ash much bity on me ash he hash on any of your shbirits, unt a goot can judge, Valentine was one of the most elevated, heresy. Socrates appeared to be a truthful and teal more, pecause ich wash ein robber open unt apove board. Nein tam shneaking pusiness mit me, but dot ish more den can be sait for your kings, pishops, unt Lords. Unt ef ich robbed a few, dey robbed de whole. Unt ich am cum pack here to take care of de poor unt tevil de rich. My recht name vas Shon Buckler. Ich vas guillotined at Mentze on de Rhine in 1803. Leh vas ein Robber from 1782.

#### MATILDA SLÖSER.

Good Afternoon: - I believed in the Methodist religion. I died in Alexandria, Va. That religion was a great mistake. You wonder how I found that out. When I see a spirit what looks for Jesus Christ seventeen hundred years and does not find him, then I say I waits not so long, for something is wrong. I makes up my mind that this religion cannot be true because it fulfils not what it promised, which is, that immediately after death you are in heaven. That kind of heaven that these Christians have is a hell to me. I likes if not. When here in the mortal life I was much troubled, but in the spirit, this heaven of the Christians is worse than the troubles in the mortal life. Why? Because it is one thing over and over again. And so I comes back to tell how dissatisfied I am, and let others beware of falling into the same trouble or difficulty as myself. My name was Matilda Sloser. It was sometime in August, 1879, I goes to spirit.

[Wild Cat described this woman as being German, although there was little of the German accent manifested in giving the communication.

—En.]

#### MARIA BARNES.

Good AFTERNOON: -The place whence I departed this mortal life is Parma, N. Y., and I reurn here to say that after two years of spirit life and anxiously seeking for what my spiritual advisers told me upon my death bed, that I have failed to find either comfort, peace or happiness; ard to use the language of the good sister who preceded me here, I must break away from the dogmatic heaven of the Christians. Many of my relations who are over here are satisfied with rest but my spirit thirsts for knowledge, and the resting place of the Christian is not suited to my individual wants, I am searching for a broader field of action; and I know that God; in his love, never confines one of his creatures that like a bird is beating forever against the bars that keep it from liberty. No my friends you have barred yourselves in. You must desire—you must ask for the waters of life before they will be poured upon you. There is a heaven of liberty, but there is no heaven of confinement. That is hell not heaven, and with a loving wife and mother's love, I come to give this communication; hoping that they will think and reflect upon what I have said, so that they may escape religious confinement and progress in general liberty. My name is Maria Barnes, wife of Crep. Barnes of Parma.

## A Holiday Present for Mrs. E. V. Wilson.

To the Editor of Mind and Mutter: We are credibly informed that Mrs. E. Y. Wilfrom the efforts that have been made by the Spiritualists to raise a sufficient sum of money for her, to enable her to pay off the mortgage of \$12,000 upon her farm; and that, if something better is not speedily done, the law must take its course and the farm be sold, which will leave her and her children (one of whom is a helpless invalid) utterly destitute. In consideration of the long laborious, faithful, and self-sacrifleing services of Mr. Wilson as a public medium and lecturer, Spiritualists should feel to be a pleasure, as well as a duty, to place his family beyond the reach of want, by paying off the mortgage upon the farm which he left them. This can easily be done, and no one will feel the expense, if every reader of this appeal will send Mrs. Wilson the sum of \$1,00 or more if they will, as a holiday present. Whatever is sent should be sent to Mrs.: Wilson herself, so that she will get it at once. Address her as follows: Mrs. E. V. Wilson, Louibard, Illinois, A trifling contribution from each one will make the coming holidays the most joyous and happy ones, no doubt, that Mrs. Y Wilson has ever experienced.

MRS, MARY HOLLIS BILLINGS, MRS. AMANDA M. SPENCE, PAYTON SPENCE, M. D.

New York, Nov. 26th, 1880. It affords us great pleasure to publish the above very proper appeal on behalf of Mrs. Wilson, and trust it will not pass unheeded by those who have it in their power to assist her as proposed. Oh! how we wish it were in our power, to aid, as we would like to do, to fulfil the life wish of that veteran Spiritualist, E. V. Wilson. What. Mr. Wilson asked was, that Spiritual friends of means should loan the amount of the mortgage at a lower rate of interest; that is make a loan, of the amount of the mortgage at six per cent, instead of at 10 per cent, the rate of interest of the present mortgage, If the money to payoff the mortgage cannot be raised, as we feared would prove to be the case, let the loan be made, as proposed by Mr. Wilson before his death. There are hundreds of Spiritualists who could do that with no possible risk of less, and with little inconvenience to themselves. Will they do it?-Eo.]

# An Appeal.

To the Liberal and generous public, greeting: Anna Stewart has, by special request, consented to give, December 25, at Pence's Hall, for the benefit of destitute children, a repetition of gifts and festivities, successfully conducted by here last Christmas.

Several ladies and gentlemen have joined in the work, and it will be their purpose to make it a gala day for the little ones. The object of the above is to feed and clothe the needy, and donations of money, goods and catables will be thankfully received, on behalf of the poor, at Anna Stewart's reception room, Pence's block, by her and the assistants.

Friends of the poor are requested to report denations at the earliest date possible; and names of needy children, who will be served with tickets, are solicited. ANNA STEWART,

Directress and Manager.

Entered at the Post Office at Philadelphia, Pa. as second-class matter.

#### PUBLICATION OFFICE, Second Story, No. 713 Sansom Street, PHILADELPHIA.

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13 Office Regulations and Requirements. The One Seance of an hour, with one person in his presence, \$5.00

### IS PSYCHOMETRY A DISTINCTIVE SCIENCE?

It has been claimed by Dr. J. R. Buchanan, Wm. Denton, Charles R. Miller, and others, that what has been termed Psychometry is a distinct science the scope of which is limitless: The time has come when this claim must be thoroughly tested and the question of its validity settled. This issue has been forced upon public attention by facts that have been for some time past occurring through what are termed psychometric sensitives and which will not admit of further indifference on the part of those who claim for Modern Spiritualism, that it is the only intelligible solution of psychic influences. If, what is called, Psychometry, be true, then much that is called spiritual manifestations through media is not what, it purports to be, to wit: the manifestation of the power and intelligence of spirits. On the other hand, if spiritual phenomena are what they purport to be, then much that is regarded as foreign to spiritual mediumship, under the designation of psychometry, is in no respect different from such spirit control.

To show to what an extravagant extent those who have been most prominent in asserting the scientific value of psychometry, as a reliable means of acquiring knowledge, have carried their theories, it is only necessary to refer to a few facts of recent occurrence. Dr. Buchanan and Mr. Charles R. Miller have recently sought to apply psychometry, to determine the identity of certain photographs, purporting to be those of Jesus Christ, the Virgin Mary, Mary Magdalene, St. Peter, etc., procured through the intervention of spirit power, at the seances of Mrs. Anna Stewart, of Terre Haute, Ind. Two of those photographs, those first mentioned, are not photographic presentations of spirits at all; but one of them is a copy of an engraving, representing Jesus Christ, on which the line shading is so manifest that no sensible person could be mistaken as to that fact. The other one is a photographic copy of the statue of a young girl, standing upon the pedastel which supports it in an erect position. The originals of the picture and the statue are in existence, leaving not a particle of ground for any doubt as to those facts. Dr. Buchanan has subjected those photographs to psychometrization, and through James A. Bliss, Alfred James and other mediums has obtained readings which, although more or less vague and indefinite, may be regarded as relating to the mythical Jesus and Mary, of the Bible story. He has had the same results through psychometrizations of those photographs by professed psychometers. What do these facts show?

We answer; one of two things. First, that the several psychometric readings were but a reflection of Dr. Buchanan's preconceived views, and were influenced by his psychological control of the sensitives; or second, that the several sensitives were controlled and influenced by spirits who caused | chometers relate as having attended the changes them to give the readings which Dr. Buchanan accepts unquestioningly as the certain identification of the genuineness of the photographs, and the spirits who stood for them. In either case the result can have no other legitimate effect than to show the unreliability of psychometry as a source of correct knowledge. It is the hight of its development and death.

absurdity to pretend that there was anything about those photographs that could in any way give one and the same reading of their purport. How could an engraving or a statue impart to could be perceived by the most sensitive profesmatters to any such far-fetched theory, to account for the concurrent readings of those photographs. We will show that this is readily accounted for on a theory entirely consistent with indisputable

No one who is cognizant of the circumstances attending the procurement of those photographs, will doubt that they were produced by spirit power, and so far as that fact goes, they may be regarded as spirit pictures. At all events we shall for the sake of our argument, concede that to be the fact. The question next arises, as to what spirits were instrumental in producing them, and why they were produced? That neither Jesus Christ nor the Virgin Mary had anything to do with the matter, is very evident; for neither of them, had they been present and standing for the pictures, would have appeared, the one as an engraving and the other as a statue. That photographic feat was, then, performed by other spirits than those who were to be represented. Why did they do this? They did it with one of two motives, and, perhaps, with both of those motives. First, they sought to discredit Mrs. Stewart as a medium for form materializations, and supposed this could be done in no more effective way than by making her appear to seek to deceive the public, by producing fraudulent spirit photographs; or second, failing in that intention, they sought to deceive those who would accept the spurious photographs as genuine, and induce them, by insisting upon the genuinenesss of so transparent a deception, to create a strong popular prejudice against all who were in any way concerned in seeking to establish the genuineness. of the pictures. In either case, the spirits who were engaged in the deception, were not truthful nor honest spirits, and took all necessary measures to render their deception successful. To do that they formed such spirit connections with Judge Lawrence, Dr. Buchanan, Mr. Miller and others, who most readily fell in to the spiritual trap set for them, as enabled the deceiving spirits to follow the movements of those prominent Spiritualists, and to be on hand to direct those several psychometrizations by influencing the sensitives. This theory is fully borne out by the experience of Alfred James, while psychometrizing the photograph of the statue of the young girl, as it was held to his forehead by Dr. Buchanan. He said so long as Dr. B. held the photograph in that position, he was both clairvoyant and clairaudient in a most unusual degree. He said he could see two groups of spirits present. One group consisted of Catholic spirits, all dressed in black, among whom was a Catholic priest, who stood beside an Eastern spirit, who controlled him, the medium, to speak. The spirit priest dictated to the latter what he wanted him to make the medium say. Mr. James says, the other group consisted of spirits arrayed in white, one of whom speaking for the rest, pronounced that to be false that he was made to utter. He further says, he had no power to speak differently than he did. We have every confidence that Mr. James has correctly stated the facts as he realized them to be. That being so, it is very certain that Dr. Buchanan is attended to a yastly greater extent than he imagines, by Catholic spirits, who are deceiving him to do their work. We cannot dwell upon the absurd length to which Dr. Buchanan has carried his psychometric hobby, and will there-

absurdity of William Denton. For months there has been running through the columns of the R.-P. Journal, a serial work entitled, "Sideros and its People as Independently Described by Many Psychometers," by Prof. Wm. Denton, which for unscientific assumption is without an equal. Mr. Denton somewhere obtained fragments of an aerolite or meteoric stone, which he has been submitting to psychometrization by variout sensitives whose respective readings he has been reporting. Mr. Denton has introduced a new feature of psychometric investigation, and that is to question the sensitives in order to elicit specific replies, thus throwing a new element of uncertainty into this otherwise most uncertain means of obtaining knowledge. No one can read those various readings without seeing that the readings are not in the slightest degree influenced by contact with the substance submitted for psychometrization. The sensitive no doubt sees, feels or otherwise realizes the existence of what is described, whether objectively or subjectively; or neither; or is influenced by some mind independent of his or her own is what no one seems to have thought it worth while to inquire. Nothing, however, could be more absurd than to suppose it possible that a piece of meteoric stone could impart to any psychometric or mediumistic sensitive the incidents which these various psyof the matter of which that fragment is composed. Especially absurd is it to suppose, as is claimed by Mr. Denton, that so small a portion of an exhausted or destroyed planet could possess any property that would impart a knowledge of all things which existed or occurred on that planet during

fore briefly pass to the parallel. Psychometric

The only rational way of explaining these curious figments, is to suppose that mischievous spirimpress the minds of the several psychometers to its who are infinical to the spread of spiritual knowledge, availing themselves of the unconscious egotism of Dr. Buchanan and Mr. Denton, those photographs any psychic influence that have used them to render mediumship as absurd as possible in the estimation of thoughtful people. sional psychometer. It is not necessary to strain | These gentlemen claim that they are trained scientists, and that their methods of investigation are such as enables them to form scientifically correct opinions upon those subjects to which they turn their intention. It is because they make this claim and because many thoughtless people concede it to them that we have felt constrained in the interest of truth to raise the issue we do with them.

Nothing is more calculated to injure Spiritualism than to saddle it with the misrepresentations of spirits or mortals, and this has been the constant work of the enemies of truth both on earth and in spirit life. If Spiritualism is ever to meet with general acceptance, it will be necessary to keep it free from the vagaries that are calculated to bring just reproach and contempt upon those who are its advocates. Hence the time has come when everything of a questionable or a doubtful nature should be removed from Spiritualism Such a thing is Psychometry, as it is explained and applied by Dr. Buchanan and Mr. Denton.

Our investigations of that subject, thus far, lead us to think that psychometric sensitives are nothing more nor less than mediumistic sensitives who are alike most susceptible to the mental in fluences of both mortals and spirits.

If those gentlemen have any positive facts to show that that is not the case, they owe it to the public to give those facts to the world.

In closing this notice of a most serious subject we respectfully caution Dr. Buchanan, Mr. Denton and Mr. Miller to direct their attention to determining how far their psychometers are influenced in their readings by controlling or psychologizing spirits; and especially would we protest against a continuance of the practice of testing psychometry by the loose methods that have been thus far observed by those who claim to be masters of the subject.

### FOUND HIS PROPER LEVEL AT LAST.

We have from two or three sources recently received a public hand-bill, issued by WM. F. JAMIESON, who, like all charlatans and mountebanks, dubs himself Professor. What right he has to that title we are not told, but infer that he claims it on the principle that he is a master of the art of swindling. Here is the circular verbatim et literatim. We are willing to advertise this swindling scheme in order to make plain to the dullest comprehension "the nature of the beast:"

"Spiritualism Exploded by Science. Prof. W.

E. Jamieson, of Chicago, will give a course of three

ectures upon Modern Spiritualism. Gross Deceptions practiced by Spiritual mediums fully explained. Twenty-five years investigation of Spirtualism! The gigantic delusion of the World. He will endeavor to show why a person may spend a quarter of a century, and even a life-time, under the fascinating spell of the most astonishing Mania of any age, without discovering that he is the victim of Hallucination! To a superficial observer it appears as if any one could fathom a fiction in a fortnight; but the fact is that some of the best minds and most honest thinkers will go down to their graves in the full conviction that Spiritualism is true. Neither genius, talent, nor even science itself will always emancipate a mind that has once yielded to the Vagaries of Spiritualism. There is some hope for those who will listen. to the voice of common sense to extricate themselves from the The Snare and especially that worst form or all imposition, Self Deception. Spiritualists pride themselves on the fact that some of the most Illustrious Scientists of our day. Varley, the electrician; Wallace, the naturalist; Flammarion, the astronomer; Crookes, the chemist; Zelner, and many others, are Spiritualists. This fact will be explained. For more than thirty years Spiritualists have Challenged the World for debate. Why should they now shrink from meeting Prof. Jamieson? They acknowledged that he was one of the best posted lecturers in their ranks. and who converted three clergymen in debate. Why do they not now bring forth their debaters? Mediums are invited to be present, free of cost. They will be paid cash to hold a circle in presence of the audience, the Professor reserving the right to 'Try the Spirits'! Prof. Jamieson will introduce a number of interesting Electrical Experiments. Are there any spirits? Scientific Tests. By means of a delicately balanced lath, the presence of an invisible power will be demonstrated; but it is not spirits. The insulated age. The whole spirit world, and all the mediums of this, cannot, without contact, more the balance resting upon it. After calling upon the mediums and spirits, the Pofessor will do by science what balks the powers of 'millions of spirits that walk the earth? unseen. 'Katie King' in all her glory. How 'spirits' materialize! Ropetving Frauds! Dark-Circle Deceptions! Confessions of Fraud by leading Spiritualists, who admit that their best mediums sometimes cheat. The Rapping Rognes. The mass of Spiritualists honest but deluded. They flatter themselves that they are free from superstition, while theirs is a monstrous wholesale Superstition! They charge the Christian world with fostering what Mosheim, the able ecclesiastical historian, designates 'pious frauds;' but Spiritualists, eager to believe the Pleasing Fiction that our departed friends return to earth and hold daily and familiar converse with human beings, are wading in a flood of fraud chin deep. Their leaders and editors of spiritual papers profess to favor free discussion; and then, as a rule, carefully close their publications against the other side! They ridicule lecturers and clergymen because they receive compensation for services; while their own most successful mediums charge from one to five dollars a message from the supernal spheres! A pretty high rate of postage! They publicly invite investigation; and privately interpose every conceivable obstacle to a

of 'conditions.' CHURCH MEMBERS who wish to be posted on the Follies of Spiritualism should not miss these lectures, by one who earnestly believed them for over a quarter of a century; and who Renounced Spiritualism because he became fully satisfied, after close investigation, and scientific study, that it is not true and therefore cannot bear the light of day. 'Any system which shuns investigation openly manifests its own error.' Let Spiritualists asperse his motives as they choose, the fact remains that Prof. Jamieson abandoned Spiritualism, the hope of his boyhood, reluctantly. Who is there that would not gladly accept the idea of endless life and happiness for mankind if it could be proved? The Professor deals unsparingly with the false system; but has no unkind or uncharitable word for the people he has every reason to believe are dupes, not deseivers. There is a horde of unprincipled frauds scattered over the continent who practice to deceive in the name of Mediumship and Spiritualism. No mercy will be shown them. It is every one's duty, who can, to expose them, and deliver Spiritualists from the coils of what is admitted to be a Charming Delu-

After thus laying before our readers this testimony of Wm. F. Jamison-a 'Fool Professed,'he will hardly say, that we, at least, are very much alarmed at the consequence to Spiritualism' of his last most desperate, mean, contemptible, hypocritical, dishonest and untruthful attempt to 'raise the wind' pecuniarily at the expense of truth. We propose to strip off the cap and bells of this professional feel, and allow the world to see the poor hypocrite in his true light. If we want to judge of a man's character, we must look at his antecedents and whatever those show him to be, he is; without a chance of misjudgement. Having found out what he has been in the past, and become correctly informed as to his present attitude, we can very readily judge as to what the future may be.

We have been informed by this Jamieson, that after reaching years of manhood, he pretended to be honestly converted to the truth of the Christian religion, and sought a clerical position as a teacher of that religion. This he obtained, which, by the by, was no very brilliant attainment, and for ten years or more taught the monstrous falsehood of salvation from sin by a belief in the atoning blood of a crucified God. His clerical occupation proving not sufficiently remunerative to satisfy the worldly requirements of this embodiment of egotism and selfishness; he cast about to find some field in which he could cut a more prominent figure, with the prospect of larger gains. At that time Spiritualism having gained a firm foothold on public attention, seemed to promise a sure field for success to a man possessing the ambition for notoriety, which has been the most marked feature of Jamieson's career. He, therefore, with the gyrating suppleness of a "Jim Crow," and with the greatest possible ease, "wheeled and jumped" out of the monstrous elusion of salvation by a crucified God, into the still "more monstrous delusion" of salvation by personal merit alone. For a quarter of a century Jamieson managed to delude Spiritualists into the belief that he was honest and sincere in his professions of being a friend and advocate of Spiritualism. So believing, some of them were induced to provide a very large sum to found a spiritual weekly paper in the city of Chicago and Jamieson and another of the same stripe of Spiritualists, was put in charge of the enterprise. The result was just what might have been expected from such men. At the end of a year the whole capital of the concern was sunk, and but for the determination and business pluck of S. S. Jones, the paper (the Religio-Philosophical Journal) would have ceased to exist at that time. It is now a very serious question whether its resuscitation was not a calamity rather than a help to Spiritualism. Jamieson and his associate were kicked out of their official positions in the Religio-Philosophical Journal Publishing House, in ignominions disgrace, and from that time he steadily lost east as an advocate of Spiritualism. Spiritualists everywhere had become heartily sick of him, and damleson again cast about for some new field in which to turn his "Jim Crow" abilities to ac-

wheel and Jump," then into cold and dead Materialism, with any hope of eking out his professional role. Accordingly, without ever having assigned a single reason for his change of position. he abandoned all that he had been teaching for twenty years and more as the, positively demonstrated truth of Spiritualism, and unblushingly denied that there was any truth, sense or reason in anything that he had taught as positive truth for more than twenty years of his most mature life. We think Jamieson will hardly blame any one for taking high at his word, and judging him to be the knave, or fool, or both, which his conduct shows him to have been. 'It required less than two years to make the Materialists as heartily sick of him, as the Spiritualists and Christians had previously been, and the "pot could not be kept boiling" with such sodden and lifeless fuel as Materialism furnished, and again he was forced to cast about for another field wherein he could "wheel and jump." Unless we are far from prophetic Jamieson will find, like Sant Patch, that he has made his "last jump," and the waters of oblivion will hide him from the view of all except that of his own spirit and the spirits of those he will meet him in the life, which he would feign escape, but cannoi."

The last leap of Jamieson is, into the slime, filth and mire of falsehood, deceit, fraud and full, free, candid inquiry, under the specious pleat moral depravity, that constitutes the stock in trade of those, who, with such slush, expect to so begrime Truth that even her most faithful friends will not recognize her. Poor fool! that he of all others should be so self-deluded, and impotently demoralized, as to hope to effect such an impossibility. Spiritualism owes Jamieson nothing but the sheerest contempt and pity, and has no reason whatever to fear harm from his festering malignity. The desperation of this last movement, of this Professor of Charlatanism, is made manifest by his appeal to the curiosity of the three classes of persons that he has for the past thirty-five or more years, been deceiving and cheating by his hypocrisy and dishonesty. We allude to Christians, Spiritualists and Materialists. We infer Jamieson has had a consultation with Col. Bundy of the Journal, and that he intends co-operating in founding that "Church of the Future" which the latter, with insane and inane complacency, announced through his paper two weeks since. Materialists are invited, at twenty-five cents a head, to witness a mountebank performance by Fool-Professed Jamieson, to have demonstrated to them that they are as soulless as the dead and rotting carcass with which they enrich Mother Earth; Spiritualists are invited to witness the same performance of humbuggery to have the scales removed from their eyes that they may see and know what fools they are; and Christians-"Church Members," as Jamieson calls them-to post themselves how to prevent Spiritualism from playing "Ballyhoo" with their pleasure of feasting on the flesh, and revelling in the blood of their Crucified God. There may be Materialists, and Spiritualists and Christians that will sit down at that feast of humbuggery, and go away filled with the diet of fraud, false food and deception with which he would feign cram them, but we know little of mankind, if they do any such thing.

Jamieson does not seem to realize the sorry figure he will cut in his new role when rivalled by the Fays, Bishops, Baldwins, Warrens, Lincolns, and other stars in the line in which he has ventured upon. If any one is deceived by the mountebank knave, it will be their own fault, after reading this exposition of Jamieson's claims to public confidence.

In closing our notice of Jamieson, we ask him to point out to us any spiritual medium, any Spir itual lecturer, any Spiritualist anywhere, who can show a worse record for dishonesty, fraud, deceit, hypocrisy, falsehood and contemptible meanness, or which can in the least compare with that of Wm. F. Jamieson? When he attempts this we will have something more to say upon the subject; unti then we have said and shown enough,

## OUR MEDIUM CENSORS.

In the last R.P. Journal, M. L. Sherman, of Adrian, Mich., shows his good will towards ou self in the following manner. Writing to Col. Bundy, he says:

"We have taken the Banner of Light and Mind and Matter [Col. Bundy had not the editorial honesty to italicize the title of our paper] and some other spiritual papers occasionally, but we have come to the conclusion that we like the Journal the best. [Nothing more natural than that, I One thing I say, my friend, I would not say so many hard things about mediums, Wise advice! truly], not that I care so much about it, but it has hurt the sale of the Journal in these parts. [It would seem that Mr. Sherman's measurse of honesty is as the pecuniary advantage it may bring. He has no objections to the abuse of his fellow mediums by Col. Buildy, but advises him to cease that abuse only because it does not pay. Is Mr. Sherman not a chip off of the Bundy block?] I have done all I could to induce people to take it; cannot as yet get one. [That is just as it should be.] \* \* We have taken Mind and Matter [title not italicized] as long as we shall. I cannot believe Roberts knows al there is to be known in the broad universe yet."

Mrs. Mary M. D. Sherman shows her kind and gentle feeling towards us by writing to Col. Bundy as follows: "I take pleasure in sending the Journul to near and distant friends, but Mind and hopeless stagnation and despondency. Those Matter I am ashamed to send, for it is so filled with vituperative language against a brother man." As Mrs. Sherman is an ardent admirer of Col. Bundy's continuous flood of slander against unoffending and persecuted mediums she has done well not to let her friends know the extent of his editorial dishonesty, by sending them MIND friends fully appreciate the position of Col. Bundy without the help of MIND AND MATTER, for, as Mr. Sherman admits, with all their joint efforts they have not succeeded in getting a single person to subscribe for it.

As Mr. and Mrs. Sherman have seen fit to speak disparagingly of MIND AND MATTER, we feel it due to them and our readers that we should show exactly how matters stand between Mr. Sherman and dozen copies of his book, entitled "The Hollow Globe," to be kept on sale by us. He proposed to enact such mean selfishness; but blessed as that we should take one copy in exchange for a proposition we assented. We advertised the work | enjoy the bounteous happiness. for weeks without receiving any call for it and at great umbrage.

money. Having all the books, then on hand, and of the institutions built up by priestly selfishness they being worth no more to us than the paper and cunning at such a ruinous cost to the happion which they were printed, we packed up the ness of the human race? whole lot and sent them back to him, telling him if we were any further indebted to him we would | inous nonsense. Throw wide open the avenues for settle the claim, if just, on presentation.. For spirit return, and join with a will in helping on this Mr. and Mrs. Sherman seem to have assumed a hostile attitude against us. We are sorry for this, but will try and survive it. So long as they were getting the paper in exchange for the ences," are hindrances and not helps in the great "Hollow Globe" we heard nothing of that shame that has so disgusted Mrs. Sherman. We feel to thank Mrs. Sherman, the extoller of Col. Bundy and his paper, for the compliment she pays us, in condemning our course. If we did not feel our course to have been perfectly right, the adverse criticism of Mr. and Mrs. Sherman would convince us of it,

#### THE NARROWEST KIND OF SPIRITUALISM.

Will Mr. Henry Kiddle explain what he means when in replying to Hudson Tuttle through the R.-P. Journal? He says:

"Christian Spiritualism recognizes a communion with pure spirits that come acting in harmony with the divine will, such harmony being the essential condition of spiritual purity and progress, as Jesus, in common with every other Messiah or Christ, has most clearly taught. Christian Spiritualists do not narrow their principles to any one personality. They recognize both principle and personality. The former is universal, and based on divine law, call it Christ, or 'Divine Arabula.' It has been personified variously, in diverse times and places, in Spitana, called Zarethustra (Zoroaster) or the Messiah, Gautama, called Buddha, or the enlightened, and Jesus, called the Christ or Messiah, the sent of God. In each case the personal name is to be distinguished from the official or functional title, which has the same import, signifying the highest order of spiritual influence; for every Messiah seems to have had a spirit influx, which may be called divine, since it emanated from the exalted spheres of purity and love -that is from spirit intelligences far advanced in pirit life. This high 'sphere' has been called in spirit communications the 'Christ sphere,' from which influence will ever descend upon all whose lives in any degree affinitize with it."

Again we ask, What does Prof. Kiddle mean by his attempt to limit and confine the spiritual movement only to those spirits who are in the 'high sphere" or "Christ sphere?" Is he so wanting in the commonest incentives of human sympathy as to desire or to seek to limit the spiritual regeneration of mankind to those alone who need that regeneration the least? Spiritualism has not been brought to earth for any such onesided and contracted purpose, or we have an entire misapprehension of its object and scope.

Mr. Kiddle tells us he is a Christian Spiritualist and that "Christian Spiritualism recognizes a communion with pure spirits that come acting in harmony with the divine will, such harmony being the essential condition of spiritual purity and progress, as Jesus," etc. Now, we would have Mr. K. to tell us what spirit is not pure in every sense that every other spirit is pure; and what spirit "comes acting" not in harmony with the divine will? The same divine principle is held in common by the human race, and no spirit can come acting otherwise than in perfect harmony with the divine will which governs with unvarying impartiality the whole human race.

There is not a human spirit however advanced on the road of human progression, nor however enveloped in misery and darkness, that can act inharmoniously with the divine will; and when Mr. Kiddle attempts to make it appear otherwise, he certainly shows a want of a knowledge of the true relations which exist between different members of the human family.

If the facts of Spiritualism teach any one thing more than another, they teach that the great mass of the human race, owing to their want of knowledge of their natural relations as members of the human family, are in a wretched condition of facts further teach that high and advanced spirits have no power to penetrate the thick and dark clouds that envelop their less fortunate brethren, and that the only hope of the regeneration of the latter lies in their being taught, by spirits who can reach them, that which they were never permitted to know when in their mortal forms, AND MATTER. It would seem, however, that her Those facts further teach that, for competent spirit teachers to perform this mighty and pressing work, they must avail themselves of our mundane' influences to obtain the power to earry out their beneficent mission. These truly god-like spirit benefactors come from no "Christ sphere," nor from any spirit sphere, that is not the common inheritance of every human intelligence.

By a more fortunate train of circumstances they have been enabled to gain a lead in the march of their ordinary senses as to accept that inconsistent ourself. A short time after starting MIND AND human progress, and that is all. They cannot MATTER, Mr. Sherman proposed to send us some | cut loose from their less fortunate brethren leaving them behind them, even if they would desire they have been by a sight of the glorious prospect year's subscription of Mind and Matter. To his | before them, their whole desire is that all should

In the first place, there is no evidence of length discontinued the advertisement. Mr. any value whatever that there is a Christ other of Christian invention, as every person, Sherman wrote us several times, and we pub-sphere; and even if there was, it would be making any pretence to critical learning knows. and yet-notwithstanding that fact we have learned lished his articles, although we did not consider of the least importance of all, to the human This is manifest in the pretence that the God of Mo- Christian divines immitating those Pagan mumthem of much practical value. Being greatly race. The spirits of Swedenborg, Bacon, Frankcrowded for space we were at last forced to lin Washington, Lincoln, and others of that dividuals, and that they were not individuals, at wine, alleging that Jesus Christ, the man-god of pigeon-hole one of his effusions, which gave him practical class, are of more importance in the the same time, but bands of spirits. This is enough their religion, commanded his worshippers to Last July he wrote us demanding a settlement | than all the personified fictions of all the religions | "transcendant psychometric" wisdom. It is the | flesh and drinking his blood. The blasphemy for the books he had sent to us, most uncourteously that ever existed. Why must the car of human work of untruthful spirit influences beyond all of attributing such a doctrine to the Great Uni-

alleging that we had sold them and used the progress be impeded at this day with the debris

Let there be no more of this insensate and ruthe great work of spiritual regeneration in which the spirit workers are leading. Those who want to confine the movement to "Christ sphere influwork. Some men are so pure and good as to be good for nothing in the work of lifting up their fallen fellow-men. We are not in sympathy with such persons. We are more closely bound to those who are willing to go into the highways and byways of life, and, without regard to the soiling of fame of their victim, in that instance, than in the their hands and garments, stoop to raise and hold up the lowest human brother or sister. In that our fault if they accomplish anything by their way, and in that way only, can the great law of human brotherhood be fulfilled.

Come, all ye that are weary and faint, and share in the healing of the pure waters of spiritual garments, or how unsightly your afflicted forms, the cleansing power of truth will make you whole. Come when you can, to whom you can, and through whom you can, and learn the lessons of life which you must learn before you can be truly happy.

#### PSYCHOMETRY FURTHER CONSIDERED FROM CHARLES R. MILLER'S STAND-POINT.

In replying to Mr. L. M. Gunn of St. Louis, Mo. Mr. Miller in the Psychometric Circular supplement, of November 1st says:

"We avail ourself of this opportunity to call the attention of Mr. Gunn, General Roberts' (ourself) and all others to a volume just out entitled, 'History of the Prehistoric ages.' Here is a book of about 400 pages, written through the psychometric process, and carrying with it a certain amount of authentication in the fact: That Dr. Nason, of Chicago, while in trance condition wrote the book in a language (mostly symbols) not one page of which could be interpret or understand. While this was a 'sealed book' to Dr. Nason, Dr. James Cooper, a psychometric instrument of transcendent power, placing his left hand on Dr. Nason's manuscript, writes page after page (400 printed pages) of this History of the Prehistoric Ages.' The Ancient Spirit Band who controlled Dr. Nason, the trance medium, and Dr. Cooper the psychometer, lived on this earth many thous-and years ago, and whatever other defects may appear, the volume we are commenting upon is conspicuous for detail and direction, and the absence of generalities or any approach to vague-ness. The following quotation, in reference to the life and history of Jesus is a fair sample of the psychometric method of dealing with controverted

"The God that Jesus taught the human race to worship, was a God of Love; the father of all mankind, and not the God of the stiff necked and rewas made up with sympathy for his suffering children. The mistake made by the Apostles and early Christians was in confounding the God of Moses and the God of Jesus-in making the two one, when they are separate and distinct individuals, a fact that each person can satisfy themselves: of if they will but analyze the ancient record for themselves.

"The confusion of ideas arises from the ignorance of the race regarding spirit influences. If they were conversant with it they would understand that in neither case was it the Infinite that controlled these individuals, but bands of spirits, which, in the case of Moses, were but little more advanced or progressed than he was himself. But in the case of Jesus, exalted spirits—angels—had been for centuries preparing for his coming. They presided at the conception of his father and mother, as well as of himself, having thus prepared him for the exalted mission he so grandly filled, and now this same loving and noble spirit is presiding over and directing the Spiritualistic

prophesied. But he came unto his own, as the churches call themselves, and they received him not, thus doing just as the Jews did. For the most part he was received by the poor and ignorant, then by the unbelievers and scoffers at religion, converting them to a belief in the immortality of the soul, thus doing for thousands what all the teachings of the churches had failed to do. Yet with the evidence before them, they still remain so perverse that they either deny or cry it is the

movement, which is the second coming as was

devil,' if they admit that the manifestations are really of a supermundane origin." We have given the whole of Mr. Miller's exposition of the "transcendent" psychometric, power of Dr. James Cooper, in order that the reader can see for himself, or herself, the amount of inconsistent nonsense that passes for psychometric wisdom. We are pained and mortified beyond expression to see Spiritualism made the foot-ball of deceiving spirits in the manner which that specimen of Dr. Cooper's psychometric performances displays. Can it be possible that there are any considerable number of persons who have so taken leave of twaddle for truth? We know that it is not to be expected that Dr. Cooper, the unconscious trance psychometric sensitive should realize the humiliating use to which he is applied by untruthful spirits, but it is amazing that he had no friend

question. Dr. Cooper has one thing to learn, and he cannot learn it too soon. He is a badly obsessed psychic sensitive and is made to cut such antics as make high heaven weep. We have known little of Dr. Cooper, except as he was connected with the identification, or rather the alleged identification, of the twenty-six most wonderful and interesting pictures of ancient spirits painted by the gifted spirit artist, Wella Anderson. Dr. Cooper was used by deceiving spirits to name and describe those ancient spirits, in such a way, as to destroy their value as one of the most remarkable manifestations of spirit control that was ever produced. The spirits using him for that grotesque purpose were not a whit more truthful nor interested for the good name and work referred to by Mr. Miller. It shall not be attempt to deceive. We insist that Spiritualism shall not be made to carry the load of nonsense and deception which hostile spirits are laboring night and day to fasten upon it. Do not undertruth. It matters not how soiled or tattered your stand us as blaming Dr. Cooper. We do not. If he knew the truth, he would soon call a halt to that kind of nonsense.

Mr. Miller, alluding to the book in question,

"Dr. Cooper's interpretation of the Chicago symbolical writing, authenticates the Terre Haute and Astoria materializations, and corroborates and endorses the psychometric readings of the photographs—Mary and St. Peter—which have, from time to time, appeared in the circular. Not only is the testimony uniform-cumulative and corroborative—as to the identity and personality of those grand historical characters; but Dr. Cooper's 'readings' exactly parallel-fully sustain-the teachings on this and kindred subjects of the grandest of our trance and inspirational orators, such as Mrs. Richmond, Mrs. Hyzer, Jennie Leys and Wm. J. Colville.

As to the disposition and ability of manifesting spirits to simulate, or make fraudulent representations at materializing circles, we have no more doubt of the power of Psychometry to detect, and characterize such manifestations, than we have that this searching and relentless power can tell the difference between a rogue and an honest

All of which goes to show to what lengths of absurdity a sensible man can go when once he mounts a hobby and rides it without regard to consequences. It never for a moment occurs to Mr. Miller to stop and note the fact that the same class of spirits are engaged in the work of deception which is manifested through the various sensitives in all parts of the world. How long would they be able to deceive any one if they did not act in concert, everywhere, in their programme of deception? It is this simple and natural fact that Mr. Miller loses sight of, when he looks to paychometry to "detect and characterize spirit deception. When Mr. Miller speaks of Mary and St Peter as "grand historical characters," we ask him to get down off his Psychometric hobby, and tell us where there is a line or letter of authentic history that such persons ever existed. The three first Gospels are not regarded as having any historic value, outside of those who regard them as the inspired Word of God, and by the latter, all the value they have as history is owing to the supposed plenary inspiration that produced them.

Until Mr. Miller or some one else, attempts to point out some particle of historic evidence of the existence of Mary and Peter, it is wholly out of place to call them historical characters at all. We have over and over again demonstrated the absolute identity of Mary, the Virgin Mother of Jesus, with the zodiacal Virgin and her son as IEs or Jes, the God Bacchus of the Phoenicians, who was none other than the Sun personified. As proof of this, we will mention but one religious rite that was common to the worship of both.

The Phoenicians instituted a sacred feast in honor of Bacchus, their God-personification of the Sun, at which they eat bread and drank wine, as an expression of their gratitude to that beneficent luminary for conferring upon them the grain and wine which was so necessary to their earthly comfort and systemance. Symbolically they considered the bread as the body, and the juice of the grape as the blood, of the great orb whose light and heat produced them. As symbolic of Sun worship-the only worship that has ever prevailed upon the earth—there was an appropriate significance in that Phonician religious rite. That Bacchus was the Sun personified, no well informed scholar will deny, and his name was abreviated into Ies, meaning I the one and es the fire, the one fire or source of light and heat. That word was pronounced Yes, afterwards Latinized into Jes with the suffix us. That this is the origin of the name of the hero of the Christian legend is manifest, from the fact that the Greek tetragrammaton I II S is to be found upon the altar-piece of all Christian churches, which is interpreted, by the Christian clergy, to mean the Latin sentence, Jesus Hominum Sulvator, when in fact the three letters constitute the Phonician name of the Sun, who could show him the folly of publishing such expressed by the three Greek letters icla, eta and manifest nonsense as truth. Moses and Jesus are | sigma, the supposed Latin H being the Greek eta. alike theological myths, the one of Jewish, the The identity of Jesus with the other personations of the Sun in the Pagan religions is unmistakable; ses and the God of Jesus, were two different in- meries, and regaling their followers on bread and work of spiritually regenerating the human race to show the character of this whole specimen of partake of bread and wine; as if eating his

versal Spirit is too horrible to contemplate. If Christians are Sun-worshippers, as were the Oriental Pagans, then there is some show of sense in their zeal, or symbolic church ceremony of the mediums. It shows that they are in the front Eucharist, but not otherwise. That Jesus Christ | rank and doing good service. was but one of numerous personifications of the Sun in his annual course is well known to the Catholic priesthood, and would be by the Prot-

Our space and time will not allow us to follow up the evidence that demonstrates beyond all question the mythical nature of Mary and her alleged son. We must here be content to assure Mr. Miller, that if he has no better provender for his psychometric hobby than the myths Mary and Peter, he may as well make up his mind that the psychometric animal is doomed to an early death. We will have more to say upon this subject in our next.

#### EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

MRS. Susie Willis Fletcher sailed for London from New York November 20th.

MIND AND MATTER is on sale at the office of the Banner of Light, Boston, Mass., every Saturday morning.

MIND AND MATTER can be bought every Friday morning at the residence of Mr. James A. Bliss 1620 South Thirteenth Street.

THE Herald of Progress notices the movement in this country to establish a home for wornout mediums, and suggests that the Spiritualists of England do something of the kind.—Banner of Light.

Mrs. James A. Bliss holds public materializing seances at her residence No. 1620 South Thirteenth street, every Sunday, Tuesday and Friday evenings. Admission 50 cents. Private seances will be held by special arrangement.

THE Banner of Light of the 27th ultimo contains a very interresting account of a materialization seance held by Mrs. Andrew Bigelow, No. 3 Hancock street, Boston, Mass., at which eleven spirit forms appeared. The seance was considered a success, and is strongly endorsed by Mr. Colby in a leading editorial.

WE would call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Dr. C. E. Watkins on the seventh page. Mr. Watkins is a remarkable medium, especially for independent slate-writing. He will remain in Springfield, Mass., during the coming winter, as his health will not permit him to travel. We would urge our Springfield friends to keep him busy.

WELLA ANDERSON, the noted spirit artist now located in this city, is prepared to send out magnetized paper solely for developing mediumship. We have witnessed some of the remarkable effects of this paper at this office, and can recommend it to our readers. Price, six sheets for fifty cents; twelve sheets \$1. Address Wella Anderson, 2027 Columbia Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.

THOMAS R. Evans, the well-known spirit photographer, has resumed his sittings at No. 74 Fourth | tended by honest investigators and only these will avenue, Louisville, Ky. (See adver. on 7th page.) | find a welcome there. This is the medium through whom we received the photographs of Franklin and Paine, under eincumstances that constituted a perfect test of the power of spirits to impress their likenesses upon the sensitized plate.

Wz specially invite the attention of our readersto the able article from the pen of B. B. Hill, Egq., on the first page of this paper. We know of no one who has a clearer and more comprehensive view of the teachings of Spiritualism than Mr. Hill; and of few who can more suscinctly and forcibly express his thoughts. We regret that he does not more frequently give rein to his vigorous

Truth, The Rising Sun, published monthly by Lucy L. Browne, of Portland, Oregon, has now reached its fifth number in volume 1; and shows that its worthy medium editress is determined to make her paper a success. Yeach department is conducted with great care and we trust that in the near future this journal will become the "Noon Day Sun" for Spiritualism on the Pacific coast. We feel it our duty to urge our readers to sustain the efforts of Sister Browne in making this journal a perfect success. Send for a sample copy to Lucy L. Browne, No. 2241 First street, Portland, Oregon.

At the Northern Wisconsin Spiritual Conference James Kay Applebee, of Chicago, will be the principal speaker at the quarterly-meeting, Dec. 10, 11 and 11, 1880, in Opero, Wis. Mr. Applebee is one of the most talented orators in the free thought ranks. The C. M. and St. Paul Railway will give those paying full fare to the meeting, return tickets for one-fifth fare. Prof. Lockwood will give an illustrated lecture on the "Structure of the Brain," during the meeting. Let all be present the first day. Please notify the secretary of your Editor Mind and Matter: intention of attending. Usual courtesies to all To Not knowing Annie C. Rall's address, I send Dr. J. C. Phillips, Secretary.

C. B. Sylvester, writing to the R.-P. Journal, says: "Go on; you have sifted out some of the frauds, but there are many more, etc." Will Mr. Sylvester please name the "frauds" that the Journal has sifted out? We have called upon Col. Bundy a half a dozen times to name them, and he does not dare to do so, simply because every medium that he has attacked are still in the field and doing good work for Spiritualism. It is year."

now a commom saying among Spiritualists that no stronger endorsement can be given a medium than to have Col. Bundy attack their character as

Physical manifestations of a remarkable character are occurring in many circles in this city. Last Monday evening, at the developing circle of estant clergy is they dared to look the truth in the Mr. James A. Bliss, No. 1620 South Thirteenth street, every person seated in the circle felt the influence of the new power. A guitar was taken from the table and carried around the room while the hands of the circle were joined one to the other. Voices were heard speaking to their friends. A little girl of nine years, was powerfully controlled by an Indian spirit and forced into the cabinet by the controlling spirit, and while there gave several remarkable tests to different persons seated in the circle, giving full names, etc. The indications are that several new materializing mediums will be developed in Mr. Bliss's circle. Such circles should be formed in every town and village in this country. Who will labor in this direction?

In the R.-P. Journal appears an article from the pen of D. E. Smith, of Community, N. Y., strongly endorsing Mrs. Mary Andrews, of Moravia, N. Y., as a materializing medium. Mr. Smith claims that Mrs. Andrews gave sixteen sittings under "fraud proof conditions," but fails to state what those conditions were. He closes by advising all scepties "to engage good, reliable mediums-those recognized as such by the R.-P. Journal—to come to their homes, from circles of your own choosing, and be convinced 'there is no death.' " 'It is a well known fact that Mrs. Andrews never submits to test conditions proposed by persons in her circles. Now, why does Col. Bundy allow Mr. Smith to give to the world such "unscientific phenomena?" What would Mrs. Andrews say to Mr. Bundy, if he would present his code of "test conditions" to her for her to observe in her seances? Consistency! thou art a jewel.

Mr. H. S. Johnson, of Tioga, Pa., in a recent private letter says: "No person or persons on this earth could convince me that I did not see my spirit wife at a public seance held in Philadelphia by Mr. and Mrs. James A. Bliss, last Sunday evening. I stood within ten inches of her, and once was so near that she imprinted a kiss upon my forehead, just as she was wont to do when in the form. I also had the satisfaction of seeing what purported to be my spirit daughter, who passed over some twenty years ago. She breathed but a few hours on this side and left us; of course I could not recognize her except by a striking family resemblance. She was a beautiful spirit, and said distinctly that she was my daughter; every feature was perfect and did not in the least resemble the medium; she stood very close to me and told me her mother had done the best she could to make herself visible to me." The mediums through whom such positive manifestations come are the ones that Col. Bundy and the Philadelphia Times sought to crush out by falsehood and misrepresentation. Mrs. Bliss's seances are well at-

#### The "Mediums' Home" Movement Taking Definite Shape-Organization Perfected.

In the last issue of this paper we urged Mrs. Annie C. Rall and associates to organize themselves into a society, and we are happy to inform our readers that they have acted upon our advice, and by the letter published below from the secretary it will be seen that the movement has now taken (definite shape and will be a success, provided every true Spiritualist will do his or her duty by contributing to the funds of the society and using their influence with others to do the same. Mediums should take an interest in a movement that is made in their behalf by giving benefit scances to swell the fund. Societies everywhere should take up a contribution for the benefit of the fund, also hold fairs and entertainments for the Home: There are thousands of ways that earnest Spiritualists can devise to help the move-ment along. Who will be the first to speak?

> LETTER FROM SECRETARY KINSEY. Cincinnati, Ohio, Xov. 24, 1880.

To the Editor of Mind and Matter !. At a meeting of the Association for the purpose of founding a Home for Mediums, held at the residence of George Rall, Esq., No. 482 West Liberty street, Cincinnati, Ohio, Nov. 22d, 1880, it was resolved that the Secretary address you a communication, informing you that an organization was effected on November 15, and the following officers elected: President, Mr. Annie C. Rall; Vice President, Thos. P. Hughes, Secretary, Charles S. Kinsey; Treasurer, George Rall; Trus-tees, Benj. L. Pagin, Afinic C. Rall, Thomas P. Hughes, Chas. S. Kinsey George Rall; Legal Advisor, Judge A. G. W. Carter.
Articles of Incorporation under the laws of this

State are drawn up and in process of completion through the various county and State officers.
Chas. S. Kinsey, Secretary.

LEGIER FROM THOMAS MIDDLEMISTS

Yreka, Siskiyon County, Cal.

enclosed \$5 for fifty, "bricks" in the Mediums Home stock. If a fund could be raised for sick and helpless mediums to draw from I would give ten dollars towards it. Wishing you every success, I remain a friend to all mediums.

THOMAS MIDDLEMIST.

Wm. H. Bauer, of Baltimore, Md., writes: "My subscription for your paper expired with the last number and I do not feel like giving it up, for it has afforded me much real pleasure in its perusal Enclosed find \$2.00 for its renewal for the coming

#### BEACKFOOT'S WORK.

CURES SORE LEG.

Springfield. Mass., Nov. 27, 1880.

Bro. Blisst-Sir:-The last sheet of magnetized paper you sent my husband cured him of a sore on the leg. It is now all well and I am so glad. Now I am sick-have a fever and other troubles-please send me two sheets.

MRS. CLARISSA DAVISON, No. 177 Hancock Street,

FEELS THE INFLUENCE.

Plymouth, Michigan.

Dear Sir:-The sheet of magnetized paper I received in due time, and applied it to my body when I went to bed; and about one o'clock I awoke and felt a strange influence, as though I was being magnetized. Find stamps for a further supply. Yours respectfully,

M. W. BRADNER.

EXPERIENCE WITH BLACKFOOT PROMISED.

East Liverpool, O., Nov. 10, 1880. Dear Sir: - Find enclosed thirty cents for three sheets of Blackfoot's paper. It has proved to be of great benefit in our family, both as to healing and developing. I will write to you again in a week or ten days and tell you of an experience with Blackfoot, as he is a frequent visitor here; I have not time to-day. Red Cloud comes too, and two others, that Blackfoot says are his sons. We have two mediums in our family. May the good angels guard you and your loved ones is my wish.

M. E. CALHOUN. Yours truly,

Joins Hands WITH A SPIRIT. Planters' Hall, Breckenridge Co., Ky.,

November 19th, 1880. Jas. A. Bliss: I received the sheet of magneized paper, and felt the influence for about three days, and felt much better since. I have some trouble about my heart. The first night I applied the paper I was suffering very much, and after applying it I became sleepy and was soon asleep. In about two hours I woke and my side was easy, and my left hand felt as though some one was holding it between their hands. I do not know whether it was Blackfoot or not. I enclose ten cents for another sheet of magnetized paper.
Yours truly, W. T. Owen.

Yours truly,

CURES NEURALGIA OF TWENTY YEARS STANDING. Charleston, Ill., Nov. 22, 1880.

Mr. Bliss:—I have been using your magnetized paper for some time and it has been a great help to me. It has cured me of neuralgia in my head that I have suffered with for over twenty years. I have never been free from it over two weeks at a time and very seldom one week! I have not had a return of it since the first of September, and my friends are beginning to make inquiries about the paper, they all see how much good it has done | would like to know whether they are obsessed or me, for I had been in very poor health for over not, if they will subscribe for MIND AND MATTER o years, seldom ab'e to walk across the street. I am not strong yet, but can attend to my housework and walk several blocks. I am so thankful that I saw that advertisement in the Charleston Courier. I believe my brother in spirit guided me to it last April. Yours truly,

MRS. J. P. GRAY.

SEES BLACKFOOT.

Ashville, Ala., Nov. 20, 1880.

Dear Sir: I take the pen to inform thee that my dear husband is under the impression that Blackfoot called on him night before last, Just after we lay down for the night, his eyes closed, but not asleep. He saw a cloud or vapor before him presently, that parted, and then a round faced, plump and full Indian appeared, and my husband involuntarily exclaimed, "Here is Blackfoot." Since that his face is better; he keeps the paper bound to his face day and night. A day or two before he saw this, he was somewhat discouraged, as the disease seemed so stubborn to yield to remedies, so much so, he said to me, 'Oh, if I had no family, I would be glad to be laid away to rest." I am glad to give thee this much favorable information, and well do I rejoice in the anticipation of a cure by thee and thy faithful band of spirits. Mayest thou, with thy excellent wife and precious babe Sunshine, be spared many years to further enlighten this benighted world with the glorious privileges with which you are undoubtedly so highly gifted. Oh, what an interesting age of the world we now live in. May it be truly appreciated by every thinking and investigating mind. If it was possible to ascertain whether it was Blackfoot that appeared or not, we should be grateful for the information; and if it was so, consider it a rare treat now in our old age. My dear husband is now in his 73d year and I am near 70. I do not like to tax thy time and patience with a lengthy communication, but just as it presented I penned it. Accept our heartfelt thanks for favors, and believe me to be thy sincere friend. SARAH ANN ENGLE.

[Retl Cloud gives me the impression it was Blackfoot:-J. A. B.]

-Passed Over.

Frank Johnson, of Darien, Wis., left his earthly home for one in spirit life on the 26th ult.

Mr. Johnson had been a firm believer in Spirit ualism over twenty years and was a medium. His wife and three children mourn the loss of his bodily presence, While they know he will be with them in spirit and ready to give them greeting when the pale boatman shall take them over the silent river to the brighter shore beyond. His funeral was held in the Baptist Church, which was crowded to its utmost capacity, many failing to gain even standing room. The discourse was duly delivered by Dr. Juliet H. Severance, of Milwaukee, and was full of philosophy and consolation. The church choir rendered pieces suitable for the occasion from the spiritual heaven in a very acceptable manner. S. H. J.

J. L. Davis, of Princeton, Ill., writes: "Please renew my subscription for another year. I am interested in those old philosophers. They will show up the bogus religions of Christ and all of the creeds of our day. Yours for the truth, and MIND AND MATTER for all time."

#### A Chicago Medium's Generous Offer.

No. 7 Laflin St. cor of Madison St. To those who will subscribe through me for MIND AND MATTER one year, I will give a sitting for spirit tests. This offer to hold good for six months from date. Yours Respectfully,

MRS. MARY E. WEEKS.

#### Dr. Dobson's Liberal Offer.

For the purpose of extending the circulation of MIND AND MATTER, I make the following offer to any person sending me \$1.25 and two 3-cent stamps they will receive MIND AND MATTER for six months, and I will answer ten questions of any kind and examine any diseased person free (by independent slate writing). Send lock of hair, state age and sex and leading symptons.

Maquoketa, Iowa.] Dr. A. B. Dobson.

#### A Vitapathic Physician's Kind offer.

DEAR FRIEND OF HUMAN PROGRESS: - I have not time to seek subscribers to your valuable paper; but I will offer this inducement to every person sending me two dollars (my usual price) and with it a lock of their hair, age, sex. etc., with postage stamp for answer; I will make for them a full examination of their case—give diagnosis and advice, and will forward their two dollars to you to pay for them a year's subscription to MIND AND MATTER.

This offer remains good for all time. J. B. CAMPBELL, M. D., V. D. 266 Longworth St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

#### Dr. J. C. Phillips' Liberal Offer.

Omro, Wis., Jan. 14, 1880. Bro. Roberts: - You can say in your paper that any one subscribing for your paper through me, and sending stamps to prepay answer, will receive a psychometrical reading; or should they prefer a medical examination, by giving two or three leading symptoms, (to facilitate) will receive the latter. Dr. J. C. Phillips, Send lock of hair.

Psychometrist, Clairvoyant and Magnetic Healer

#### A Mediums Valuable Offer.

GRAND RAPIDS, April 20, 1880. Dear Brother: - Seeing that through the columns of MIND AND MATTER, a work can be done to the advancement of spiritual progress, I thought I

would make the following offer. Any person sending me \$2.15 and two three cent stamps, I will give either a medical examination or business consultation, and will forward the same to you to secure to them MIND AND MATTER for one year. Yours respectfully, Mrs. Dr., Sayles,

365 Jefferson Ave., Grand Rapids, Mich.

# A Most Valuable Offer—Spirit Obsession Diagnosed.

BROTHER ROBERTS :- You may say in your paper that I will give a free examination of persons who six months or one year. Any person accepting this offer must send a note from you to that effect, All applications by letter must contain a lock of hair of the applicant, age, sex, etc., and one threecent postage stamp. Address B. F. Brown, Box 28, Lewiston, Maine. This proposition to remain open until further notice. B.F. Brown.

We regard the above proposition of Mr. Brown as a most important one to the afflicted apart from the interest we have in it.-En.]

# Dr. R. D. Goodwin's Grand Offer.

Having been a constant reader of your valuable aper, and believing it should be in the house of every progressive family, we make the following offer, to stand good for one year. We will correctly diagnose any disease, or give one treatment to any new subscriber to your paper, on their sending the price of one year's subscription, with postage and request for our services. Address Dr. R. D. Goodwin, New York Eclectic Institute, 1317 Morgan Street, St. Louis, Mo. For advertisement see seventh page.

PHILADELPHIA SPIRITUAL MEETINGS.

A CONFERENCE AND CIRCLE will be held every below Front. Public cordially invited.

KEYSTONE ASSOCIATION OF SPIRITUAL-INTN.—Spiritual Conference every Sunday, at 2½ P. P., at Hall corner of Eighth and Spring Garden streets. Free to every body.

FIRST SPIRITUAL CHURCH of the Good Samaritan, at the N. E. Cor. Eighth and Buttonwood sis., 3d-floor. Speaking and test circle every Sunday afternoon and evelng.

PHILADELPHIA MEDIUMS.

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The lowing herd winds slowly o'er the len; And leaves the world to darkness and to me."
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And let no one dwell in the supposition that those ancient Asiatics could not have made, or were not competent, to make minute and profound discriminations in the science of languages, in mathematical, in metaphysical and in theological science. This was, on the other hand, precisely the field in which they were every way competent; and, in which, they did excel. We may safely attribute any amount of thoughtful acuteness to these remote ancients; tested in these ways. They were of course lacking in the sciences of observation and experiment. Modern thought has diverged from this common centre, language, geometry (sound and form) and the meaning of both, on the one hand, to pure Metaphysics (Philosophy), and on the other, to the Natural Sciences. We are only brought back to a radical study of those earlier subjects by the universological discovery of "The Identity of Law in all Spheres." Phonetics and Linguistics were among the su-preme sciences of that early day. Sound has never, until now, again undergone any such exhaustive investigation as it met at the hands of those who instituted written language. The Sanskrit Alphabet is a monument of phonetic thoroughness hardly anywhere equalled. I venture to affirm that no such body of competent investigators, in their sphere of study, as was convened, probably, in the Old University of Balkh, 5,000 years ago, has ever since that day existed, before the Normal University of the Pantarchy, with its present Universological and Alwato labors.

From that centre, the current of influence must have spread east as well as northwest and southwest. Let us diverge a little in that direction. The State Religion of China has been from the earliest known times, and now is, that of the sect called Tao-ists, from the root word tao, which signifies the pure Reason. This word I now take to be the worn-down stump (and the tendency now is to regard all Chinese words as worn-down stumps of longer and fuller words, instead of original monosyllables)—to be the worn-down stump of the same great philosophical technicality which we have been considering. The sound-slide from the thick d to the thin t is of the most frequent and familiar order, and the two words compare

Dha-iao ) I)--iao T-no

I think, indeed, that this one coincidence, considering all the relations of sense and sound, considering that this is the name of the Supreme Divine Being (or attribute) of China, and of the other leading nationalities of the world, is more striking, in its tendency to bring the Chinese language into relation with the languages of Western Asia, than all the minor instances that M. Terrien de Lacuperie has adduced.

Let us, in conclusion, assemble, in one view some of the variations, thus partially brought together, of the name of this Supreme Divine Being, as they occur from China, to the Grecian archipe-

Stay-go. The idea. Dha-iao, hypothetical or restored (i, a, o, the go, through Time). T-ao. Chinese. -yau-s, Sanskrit.

Pra-ja-pati, Sanskrit. Maha-de-va, Sanskrit. Je-ho-vah, Hebrew (the vowels i a o). J-ah, or Yah, Hebrew. J-u-piter, Latin.

Ze—u·s, Greek. The-os-logos, Greek of St. John (logos, a Greek translation of Sanskrit aum, from iak The Sanskrit prefix pra means superior or supreme in this connection. Maya means great. The forms daiv-a, dev-a, div, also dya, dyo and dyut, have heretofore been considered as primitive forms. (1). The order of genesis is here inverted,

and they too, are considered as degenerated forms

from this primitive devised scientific techni-

cality dha-iao, admirably contrived by early scholarship to express its highest conception; and interpolated into the naturismal speech of the nations, quite as chemical terms have been interpolated in these recent times. What a sublime fact it is that the same name,

with the same fundamental ideas embodied in the name, has all along been adopted and used by the leading peoples, and virtually by all the people of the whole earth, during these many thousand years, for their supreme conception of the Divine Being: that the whole world has been all along, and is already of the same religion, without the

(1). Science of Language, Max Muller, Second Series, p. 460.

necessity of mutual persecutions, and conversions. feel his enfranchisement to be, when he finds himself relieved alike from the narrow circuit of his own ideas, and from the necessity of defending and accommodating the unlovely features of the Jewish Jehovah. He can now understand that while all people have derived the higher forms of their theology from a common source, each nation, Jew and Christian, as well as all the others, has overlaid it with the degrading mould of its own inferior conceptions. Each and all should engage in the work of recovering the highest ideals, and submit to be corrected, quite as much as seek to correct others, in which last attempt they have heretofore signally failed, from a too narrow view of the scope of the subject.

I have selected the word Instantiality to designate Zeus, as the single word best adapted to that end. He was, indeed often confounded with the Sun, quite as often with the Heavens overhead, and so with various aspects of nature; but with neither of them exclusively. The idea was too large for any one natural designation. For the Sun, as a mere object in the heavens, the Latins made use of Sol, and the Greeks of Heleos, deifying them both, although neither myth took on much development, became the natural meaning of the words remained too obvious. Pheebus and Apollo filled intermediate positions between these more literal objects and the great Zens. Their history belongs chiefly to the Artismus of Mythology.

Instantiality may be again defined as any given instance whatever of actual Being; Being itself; the Unit of Being, whether the whole universe or the least atom . Unity as such (of which the Sun is only a pre-eminent instance.) Max Muller affirming Zeus to be a being different from all other gods, quotes Æschylus, as saying: "Zeus is the earth, Zeus the air, Zeus the sky, Zeus is all that is and above all. All was given to the gods, except to be lords, for free [absolute] is no one but Zeus," (2.) Instantiality is, therefore, the Absolute and Universal Unity; the undifferentiated or United Aspect of Universal Being, the supreme male type Jupiter, as contrasted with the Differentiated Unity, or Triunity Juno; for new exposition of which consult the following article. In the supremest sense Instantiality is the conjunction of the two.

The God Instantiality of Unity, the general Unity of the Heavens or the Kosmos or the Universe, is at the same time'a Minor Trinity. The Spheres of Space and Time culminate in that projective. dominative, all-embracing, and impregative entity, for which the name Instantiality is more especially fit. These three aspects collectively constitute ideally and abstractly that grand cosmical phallus, that male type of Universal Being, of which the actual phallus, the object typified in phalic worship, is a miniature reproduction. This of the three and the one means, with Inman, for with Duism as contrasted with Unism. instance, the combined male and female symbol, called also the divine Quaternity.

But all this is subordinate to the more generalized cosmical view in which the universal masoulism is Unity; the universal feminism is Trinity, and the mascula-feminism is Trinity, (which is a virtual inversion of the specialized discrimination.) From this point of view, with which we are now specially to concern ourselves, the feminine counterpart of the supreme male impersonation is Twinity. This precise form of word is new, but its evident relation, in the same series, to Unty and Trinity, render its meaning immediately obvious. And, while the word is new, the idea largely permeates all mythology. "Twins" was the word by which these ancient writers designated any two counterparting objects, or aspects of Being, as Day and Night, for instance, which by meeting, while opposing, constitute a collective whole. They could not name them so deftly and technically as we might now do, the antithets of a common antithesis; for with them technicalities were wanting, and they could only express an abstract relation by recurring to some concrete analogue or exponent of the same idea. It has often been thought and said that they wrote to conceal their ideas. They did nothing of the kind, but expressed their thoughts in the best manner that they knew, and quite as we should

do, if hampered by their limitations. The change from one to the other of the two states is Vicisitude, which we may also include under the comprehensive term, whether in space, staticoid, or in time, moticoid, Twinity. By this is meant the differentiated or distributed Universe; the Many-ness as contrasted with the Unity; of which this difference into two lips or parts of the unit is the first and typical represenfation. These two contrasted parts of any given totality of appearance in a physical or a metaphysical sense, were the Twins of ancient mythology. We have already noticed Castor and Pollux, representing Day and Night, as being twins, and Gemini (the twins), as a sign in the zodiac, at the meeting of the wintery and the summery seasons of the year. But these are more instances of a very pervading feature of this early system of thought. In a given instance, as with Castor and Pollux, the twins may be regarded as two male personages; at times as two sisters; then the husband and wife, or man and sister may play the part; but the great Universal Twinity itself, the Differentiated Unity, the counterpart of the Universal Unity; the Relative, as the counterpart of the Absolute, is feminoid, and is personified in Juno, the Queen of Heaven, the consort of Jupiter.

II.-Juno or Vicistude.

Juno, the name is of the same origin, is the same name in very fact, as John, Jonah and Janus. The idea, the Jam-non attribute of Being, the Yesand-No, is the cleft unit, the differentiated unity in question. The first and fundamental differentiation is that between the Something or Reality, and the Nothing or Negation, as Kant and Hegel have pointed out. The ancients presented this grand contrast more prominently in the concrete vord, as between Day and Night, etc.

"The idea of twin powers," says Max Muller, is one of the most fertile ideas in ancient mythology. Many of the most striking phenomena of nature were comprehended by the ancients under that form, and were spoken of in their mystic phraseology, as brother and sister, husband and wife, father and mother. The Vedic Pantheon,

(2). Science of Language, Second Series, page 460.

How immense the Christian theologian should introduced in the dual, and they all find their exfeel his enfranchisement to be, when he finds himplanation in the palpable dualism of nature, Day and Night, Dawn and Gloaming, Morning and Evening, Summer and Winter, Sun and Moon, Light and Darkness, Heaven and Earth. All these are dualistic or correlative conceptions. The two are conceived as one, as belonging to each other; nav, they sometimes share the same name. Thus, Ahoratre (not in Rig Veda), day and night, but also Ahani (i. 125, 7) the two days, i. e., day and night. We find Ushasanakta, dawn and night, but also Ushasau, the two dawns, i. e., dawn and night. There is Dyavaprithivi, heaven and earth, Prithividyava, earth and heaven, but also Dyava. Instead of Dyavaprithivi, other compounds, such as Dyavakshama, Dyavabhumi, are likewise met with in the text, Dyunisau, day and night, in the commentary. Now, as long as we have to deal with such outspoken names as these, there can be little doubt as to the meaning of the praises bestowed on them, or of the acts which they are said to have performed. If Day and Night, or Heaven and Earth, are praised as sisters, even as twin sisters, we can hardly call this as yet mythological language, though no doubt it may be the beginning of mythology.

"One goes away, the others comes near [Vicisitude]; the two Ahans (Day and Night) walk together. One of the two neighbors created darkness in secret, the Dawn flashed forth on her shining

"Which of the two is first, which is last? How are they born, ye poets? Who knows it? These two support everything that exists; the two Ahans (Day and Night) turn round like wheels.

'Dawn and Night (Ushasanakta) are spoken of as distinct from the two Ahans (Day and Night.) Savartar, the Sun, is said to walk before them. "The daughter of the sky, i. c., the dawn, and the two Ahans, Day and Night, are said to be born when the Ashvins put the horses to their

"In a similar manner, the Dyavaprithivi, Heaven and Earth are spoken of as sisters, as twins, as living in the same house, etc.

"It is clear, however, that instead of addressing dawn and gloaming, morning and evening, day and night, heaven and earth, by their right names and as feminines, it was possible, nay natural, to speak of light and darkness, as male powers, and to address the authors of life and darkness, the bringers of day and night, as personal beings. And so we find, corresponding to the former couples, a number of correlative deities, having in common most of the characteristics of the former, but assuming an independent mytholo-

gized existence." (3). Now, Juno (Jam-Non, Yes-No) is the still more broadly extensive, all-inclusive physical and metaphysical embodiment of this idea of joint relationship, of Relation at large, as contrasted with happens by correlation, or the h mology and analogy between the Grand Man, the macrocosm, ling or Pairing Idea, as contrasted with Single-and the small man, the microcosm. The corresponding Twin-ity, the cleft Unit, is that adjustment of the contrasted with the cleft Unit, is that adjustment of the contrast of the Coup-and Twinity is or of Two, as contrasted with the cleft Unit, is that adjustment of the contrast of the Coup-and Twinity is or of Two, as contrasted with the contrast of the coup-and the coup-and the contrast of the coup-and the opposites which is the normal type of all differentiation and which is everywhere as characteristic of nature as the trinal unity. This is the female sided over marriage) as contrasted with single life; type, and is that which, in the symbolism of phalic in a word, with the Sex, and Femininism, as conworship, is described as One; so that the union | trasted with Masculinism, or more technically,

This identification of Masculinity with Unity and of Femininity with Twinity, is naturismal merely by which is meant that it concerns the immediate and ostensible appearance of things (monospherically considered); as the sun appears to us to revolve round the earth. But by the Universological Principle—The Antithetical Reflexion of Inherence and Appearance—it is, in the Occult Verity of things, Scientismal-reached through the comparalogical method, quite the opposite; Feminism coinciding with Unism, and Masculism with Duism; as in Astronomy, the comparison of the appearances of the different heavenly bodies and their movements has brought us to know that it is the earth which revolves round the sun. Let us call the primitive, naturismal appearance of things Unality, and the secondary, scientismal and comparalogical aspect Duality, and the following tabular view will exhibit the nature of this complication:

1. UNALITY, The Monos- [1. Unity, Masculine. pherismus. 2. Twinity, Feminine. (The whole universe, or | 3. Trinity, Mascula-feany given single sphere) ( minine.

2. DUALITY, The Compar- ( 1. Unism, Feminoid. ismus, Duism, Masculoid. Any two spheres of Be- 3. Trinism, Masculoi ing compared), da-feminoid.

It is then the Unality of the Universe alone which is chiefly under consideration in the structure of the mythological conception. The Duality is of a more subtle nature, and is more strictly modern, and universological; although the mythrological Twinity, Junoism, approximates and prefigures it. It is hardly expected that this statement and technicality will be very intelligible except to actual students; but I have thought i necessary to insert it here, almost as a note, to guard against the seeming of false teaching, to

But, as in the Hindo instances above cited where the primarily feminine names were re placed by another and secondary overgrowth of masculine names of similar import; so here, the masculine names, with which we are now very familiar-John, Jonah, Janus, and various others of a similar structure—are masculine replacements of the older, better worn, and more comprehensive feminine appelative, Juno. The Great Primary contrast between the Yes and No, or between the Something and Nothing, belongs more to the category of the buried city, and its treasures, and has escaped the attenion of Max Muller; and the other investigators of the ordinary first presentment of the Science of mythology.

I quote from Max Muller the following slight, but important, statement:

"Diva, an instrumental case [in Sanskrit], with the accent on the first syllable, means by day, and nak-tam by night." (4) Now, div is, as we have seen, a variant of dha-iao, Jupiter, and nak (Latin, nok-s, nox,) night, means the cut-off or negation of light and is, therefore, the German nicht, no, not; and with the prefix jam for affirmation is Jam-non, and finally Ju-no."

Jupiter being the Grand Cosmical Unity; Juno was the Cosmical Twinity, or double-aspected presentment; and their conjunction was the Cosmical Trinity; and the subsumpsion of all these three aspects was the Grand Cosmical Tri-unity of the ancient mythology and religion.

This twinship of objects, phenomena and rela-

(4) Science of Language, Second Series, p. 417.

particularly, is full of deities which are always | tions, pushed to its ultimates, is the whole of the universe, in the relative sense; precisely as Absolute Unity is the whole of the Universe, in an opposite sense. It is true that all who used the name of Juno did not think, in this abstruse manner; just as it is true that but few who used the name of Jupiter, or Zeus, thought of him as did Æschylus; but such is the logic of the feminine contrast which she presents to the masculine Jove. Let us turn now to the art-conception of Juno, or Here, as a divine personage. I copy the entire\_ article from "Bennett's History of the Gods and Religions of Ancient and Modern Times."

This is the August Queen of Heaven, the sister and wife of Jupiter, and the Mother of Gods. She is also the personification of the female power of the heavens and of the universe, while her husband was the representation of the masculine quality in all existences. To their marriage was traced all the blessings of nature, and when they met, as on Mount Ida, in a golden cloud, sweet, fragrant flowers were said to have sprung up all around. A tree with golden apples grew at their marriage feast, and streams of ambrosia flowed past their nuptial couch. It was believed that their marriage occurred in the spring-time, and to keep up the memory of it, an annual feast was held in that season of the year in commemoration of that happy event. She bore Jupiter three children, Vulcan, Mars and Hebe.

"As divine and noble as they were, it was not always peace and loveliness in their household. Jupiter would sometimes act naughtily, and, like all other sensible females, Juno often became very jealous and berated her husband soundly for his ove-making liaisons. She was proud, cold and imperious, and she made stormy times when her anger was aroused at the wrongs she felt had been done her. One of these scenes of discord occurred when Jupiter actually beat her and threw her son Vulcan out of Olympus, and another when he was particularly vexed at her plotting against Hercules: he hung her out of Olympus with two great weights (earth and set, attached to her feet, and her arms bound by golden fetters), an illustration of how all the phenomena of the visible sky, were thought to hang dependant on the highest god of heaven. Another severe storm took place when Juno, Neptune and Minerva attempted to chain down Jupiter, and would have succeeded had not Thetis brought to his aid the sea giant Aegaeon.

"A marked instance of her jealousy occurred from the warm partiality which Jupiter bore towards Io, the daughter of Iacchus. He was very fond of the damsel and enjoyed her more than once. When on one occasion Juno observed that Jupiter was absent from heaven, she had good reason to suspect that the pursuit of his amours: was the cause of his absence. Therefore, she immediately flew down to the earth after him, and, as fate would have it, she luckily found the very place where Jupiter and To were enjoying themselves in private. As soon as Jupiter saw her coming, feeling guilty, and fearing a storm, he prudently turned Io into a white cow. Seeing the cow, Juno sharply inquired what she was; and from what bull she came. Jupiter, good at an ingenious turn, said she was suddenly born from The shrewd Juno, suspe ture of the case, desired to have the cow. Jupiter, fearing to refuse her, lest her suspicious should thereby be more thoroughly aroused, gave her the cow. Juno placed the animal in charge of Argus, who had a hundred eyes, never letting but two sleep at a time. His seeing qualities were, therefore, very extensive.

"Thus was lounder the sharpest surveillance of Argus, but this was not all she had to make her unhappy; she was fed with nothing but insipid leaves and bitter herbs; which was rather a slim dict for a healthy young goddess. These persecutions towards his favorite goddess, cut Jupiter to the quick, whereupon he sent his messenger, Mercury, to kill Argus and to set lo free. Mercury disguised himself as a shepherd, and approached Argus without arousing his suspicions, and after lulling him to sleep, with all his eyes, Mercury unceremoniously cut off his head. Juno was much, grieved at this event, and to make amends she turned him into a peacock, and scattered his hundred eyes about the tail of the bird. Her rage against Io did not stop there, for she committed her to the Furies to be tormented. Anguish and despair caused the young lady to betake herself to Egypt, from whence she prayed to Jupiter to restore her to her former shape. This he did, but she concluded to remain in Egypt to be a goddess

for the people of that country.
"On another occasion, Juno became very jealous, when she was made to believe that Jupiter was about to take another wife. When her anger against him was so violent that nothing would pacify her, King Cithæron advised Jupiter to declare that he intended to take another wife. The deception pleased him, whereupon he took an oaken image, dressed it beautifully, and put it in a chariot, and declared publicly that he intended to marry Plate, daughter of Alsopus. The report spread like wildfire, and soon reached Juno's ears. who immediately, running thither, fell furiously upon the image, tearing off all the clothes, till she discovered the jest, when laughing heartily, she became reconciled to her husband.

"The favorite companions of Juno in periods of peace were the graces (Charities), and the seasons (Horæ). Her constant attendant and messenger was Iris, goddess of the rainbow. The peacock in its pride and gorgeous array, and the cuckoo, as the herald of the spring, were sacred to her. The character in which her worshippers most fondly esteemed her was that of Queen of Heaven, and as the faithful wife of Jupiter, entitling her to the highest conceivable respect and honor. Herself the ideal of womanly virtues, she made it a principal duty to protect them among mortals, punishing with severity all trespasses against her moral law, but, naturally, none so much as those who had participated in her husband's love, notably Semele, the mother of Bacchus, and Alcmene, mother of Hercules,

"Her worship was restricted for the most part to women, who, according to the various stages of womanhood, regarded her in a different light. some as a bride, styling her Parthenia; others as a wife, with the title of Garnelia, Tygia, or Feleia; and others again as a kind of midwife, assisting at childbirth, in the character Ecleithyia. Of these varying phases of her life, that of bride was obviously associable with the phenomena of the heavens in spring time, when the return of dazzling light and warmth spread in every direction joyousness, gayety, and the blooming of new life. As Queen of Heaven and the wife of Jupiter, she will be found in connection with the legends of Argus and its neighborhood, possessed, from motives of jealousy, of a hatred towards the noctur-

[Continued on the Second Page.]